

Ecole Internationale Daniel Chalonge-Héctor deVega
Science with great intellectual endeavor and a human face



La Science qui donne envie
Une grande aventure scientifique et humaine

Open Session - Séance Ouverte

SCIENCE OUVERTE ET EN LIBRE ACCES

DERNIERES NOUVELLES

COSMIQUES

Le jeudi 28 novembre 2019 à 14h15

**à la Cité Internationale Universitaire de
Paris, Maison de l'Argentine
27A, boulevard Jourdan, 75014 Paris**

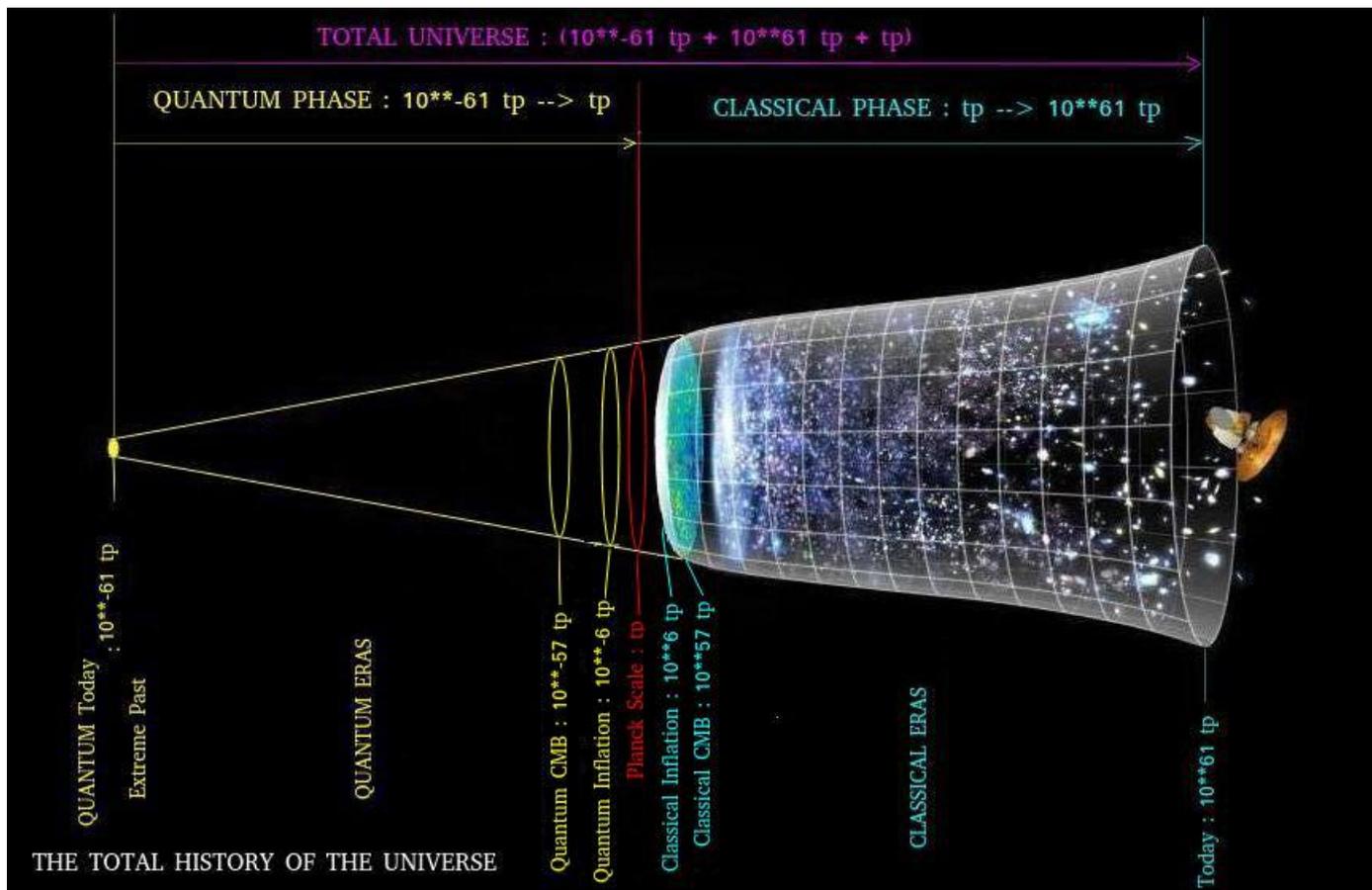
<https://chalonge-devega.fr/Programme2019.html>

<https://chalonge-devega.fr>



Séance ouverte à tous les intéressés, spécialistes, non-spécialistes, enseignants, étudiants, post-docs, médiateurs, journalistes. Elle réunit des chercheurs de différentes disciplines et des personnalités variées. Science avec une grande exigence intellectuelle et un visage humain.

Entrée libre dans la limite des places disponibles



L'histoire de l'Univers complétée en termes du temps de Planck $t_p = 10^{-43}$ sec (dans la figure les puissances de 10 apparaissent 10^{**} : elles sont négatives avant t_p : ères quantiques, et positives après t_p : ères classiques et semiclassiques)

Norma Sanchez 2019

AU PROGRAMME

La Physique de l'Univers, la Cosmologie physique : thème central et fondateur de l'Ecole Chalonge - de Vega et d'une grande actualité, le Prix Nobel de Physique 2019

La Nouvelle histoire physique de l'Univers

Nouvelles 2019 du Model Standard de l'Univers: Phase Quantique avant l'Inflation, H_0 et Energie du vide partout.

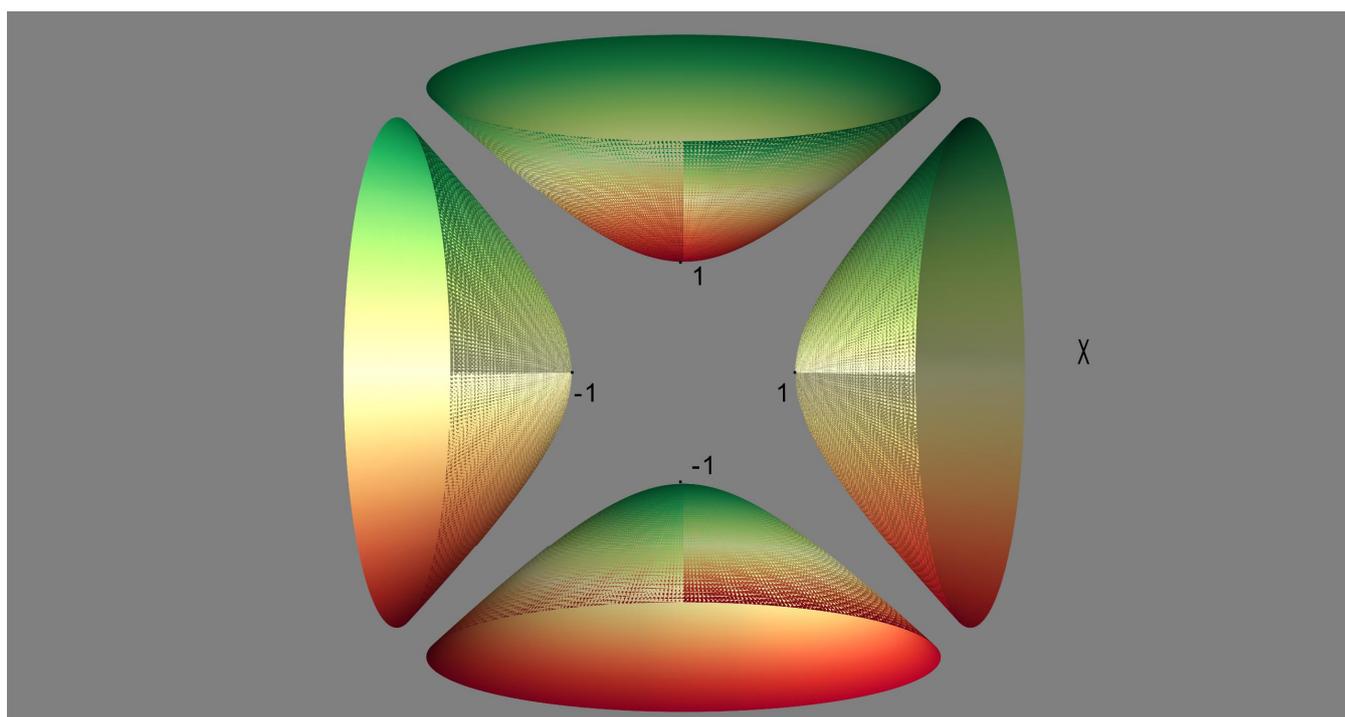
Actualités et Prospectives: LiteBIRD, Millimetron, CMB, Energie Noire , et les récents « White Papers » ...

Chéminement des idées et du langage associé. Corrélations, actualisation et intégration du savoir. Evolution des concepts et linguistique de précision, exemples dans la cosmologie actuelle

En clôture : « *La Cosmologie dans l'œuvre d'Italo Calvino à Paris et le cercle de l'Oulipo* » par Alba Zanini avec la participation spéciale de l'actrice italienne Sara D'Amario et le metteur en scène François-Xavier Frantz

"Et ce n'est pas tout..." (Citation d'Henri Poincaré)

Suite le 28 novembre 2019 ...



**le cone de lumière quantique
Norma Sanchez, 2019**

INTERVENANTS

Dr Norma G. SANCHEZ, Directrice de Recherche Emérite au CNRS LERMA Observatoire de Paris-PSL, Sorbonne Université Directrice de l'École Internationale Daniel Chalonge-Héctor de Vega)

Dr Hélios JAIME, Epistémologue de sciences, Linguiste, Essayiste, écrivain. Sorbonne Université

Dr Alba ZANINI, Physicienne à l'INFN- Section de Turin, Ambassadrice Science et Culture Scientifique de la Ville de Turin, Présidente de l'Association Kores, Italie.

Avec la participation spéciale et amicale de l'actrice italienne **Sara DAMARIO** et du metteur en scène **François-Xavier FRANTZ**.

Et toujours d'actualité:

La matière noire du keV

**Henri Poincaré, Pionnier de la gravitation relativiste
et des ondes gravitationnelles:**

**Principe de Relativité, métrique d'espace-temps,
groupe de Lorentz Poincaré, vitesse de la lumière
comme constante universelle, ondes gravifiques...**

Science et Hypothèse 1902...

**Les Rendiconti del Circolo Matematico di Palermo
1906,...**

**Crises sans fin et sujets qui tournent en rond:
Formation et évolution des galaxies avec « cold dark
matter » et ses cures baryoniques LUX, PANDA
X, DAMA LIBRA... et les autres détecteurs directs
et indirects des wimps qui n'ont pas détecté la
matière noire et ne la détecteront pas, wimps et
axions ne sont pas la matière noire et pourtant de
nouveaux détecteurs vont se construire ...**

Quo Vadis Science ? Où va la Science?

entre fuite en avant et échapper de tourner en rond...

Ubi es Science? Où est la Science?

"Et ce n'est pas tout..." (Citation d'Henri Poincaré)

Suite le 28 novembre 2019...



**The Chalonge-de Vega School, a laboratory of ideas
a great scientific and human adventure, toujours en Avant**





The Daniel Chalonge Medal and the Héctor de Vega Medal, a surprise award, Toujours present



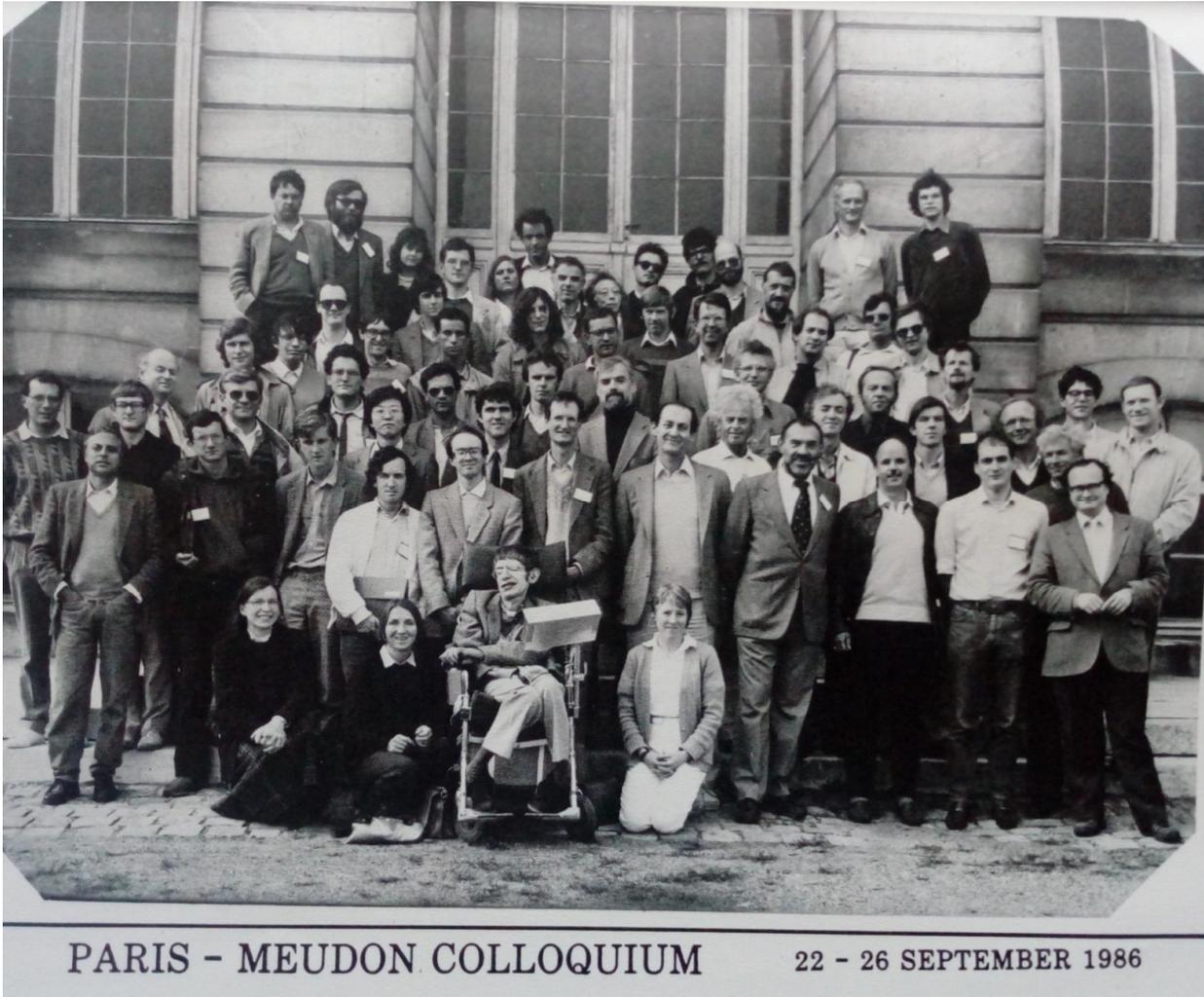
The list of the awarded Chalonge Medals :

- 1991:** Subramanyan Chandrasekhar, *Nobel prize of physics.*
- 1992:** Bruno Pontecorvo.
- 2006:** George Smoot, *Nobel prize of physics.*
- 2007:** Carlos Frenk.
- 2008:** Anthony Lasenby.
- 2008:** Bernard Sadoulet.
- 2009:** Peter Biermann.
- 2011:** John Mather, *Nobel prize of physics.*
- 2012:** Brian Schmidt, *Nobel prize of physics.*
- 2013:** Gerard Gilmore.
- 2015 :** Héctor de Vega.

2018: Nicholas Kaiser.

2019:





Archives Sanchez de Vega

Colloque pionnier de 1986: \hat{I} String Theory, Quantum Gravity and Quantum Cosmology, Integrable and Conformal Invariant Theories \hat{I}

En bas: Norma Sanchez, Jane Wilde Hawking, Stephen Hawking, une assistante.

En haut à gauche: Héctor de Vega, à son côté Jean-François Augereau (journal Le Monde).

Moitié droite: Gary Gibbons, Chris Pope, Kellogg Stelle, Stanley Deser, J. Harnad, Helmut Rumpf, Tom Curtright, Jean Heidmann, Paolo Di Vecchia, Vladimir Rittenberg, Bernard Whiting, \hat{I} , Dieter Maison, J-Pierre Antoine, \hat{I} Peter Aichelburg, Gerhard Schafer, P. Ruback, Don Page, E. Corrigan, \hat{I} M. Umezawa, \hat{I} , J. Kijowski, Michael Karowski, Karl Rehren

Moitié gauche: Renato Musto, Jean Avan, un assistant de Stephen Hawking, Charles Nash, \hat{I} , Carl Bender, \hat{I} , Roberto Pettorino, Jan Moss, Antonio Segui, David Olive, Ulf Lindström, Holger Nielsen, Antoine Van Proeyen \hat{I} , Robert Pisarski, Hugh Osborn, M. Costa, Anne Magnon, Claudio Destri...., Héctor de Vega, Jean-François Augereau.

\hat{I} Parmi les participants et conférenciers du colloque absents sur la photo \hat{I} John G. Taylor, François Englert (prix Nobel de Physique 2013), Claude Itzykson, Jean Lascoux, Pierre Fayet, \hat{I}



Inauguration of the Chalonge School : First course on Astrofundamental Physics, septembre 1991.

De gauche à droite et de bas en haut: Turner, Mme Chandrasekhar, Chandrasekhar, Sanchez, Smoot, Khalatnikov, Einasto, Divan, Pontecorvo, Turok, Frenk, Kibble, Fehrenbach, De Greiff, Lousto', de Vega, Stompor, Cayrel, Mollerach, ...Nusser, ..Amendola,, Mme Ferenbach, Jaffe, Müller, Giovannini, Taylor, Haxton, Hua, Astone, Dressler, Pizzella, Gabriele, Joffe, Dettki, Jaffe, Muriel, Bertschinger, Ormes, Grishsuk, Hearnshaw, Easter, Sadoulet, Silk, Roulet, Harari,...., hors champ: Audouze, Bergmann et Mme, Fang Li Zhi, Richards, Schatzman, Weber,.....



Chalonge School 2nd course on Astrofundamental Physics, septembre 1992

De gauche à droite et de bas en haut: Bergmann, Hogan, Dekel, Lynden-Bell, Frenk, Smoot, Sanchez, Pontecorvo, Israel, Kolb, Schramm, Ramond, Fishman, Lousto', Campanelli, Mme Bergmann, Mosconi, Falvella, Signore, Bottinelli, Gouguenheim, de Vega, Khalatnikov, Vittorio, Lasenby, Shapiro, Weekes, Salopek, Schmid, Grabar, Pontecorvo Jr, Einasto, Dubrovich, Boyanovsky, Parijskij, Prokopek, Peltoniemi, ..., Dettki, Levinas, Magueijo,, Nicolaidis, Brandenberger, Giovannini, Copeland, ..., Blumenfeld, Gottlöber, Hartman, ..., Muriel, Kogut, Grindlay, ...Cappozziello,...., Donzelli, Easter,....., hors champ: Rowan-Robinson, Frolov, , Danzmann, Schönfelder,



En haut: July 2010 Paris. En bas: July 2013 Paris: Les participants dont trois lauréats du prix Nobel de Physique en Cosmologie 2006-2012, et six médailles Chalonge, réunis sur la méridienne de Paris.

**L'École Chalonge È de Vega: 30 années d'activité en 2020,
recherche, formation, culture scientifique, et chaque jour plus actuelle**



<https://chalonge-devega.fr/>

Ecole Internationale Daniel Chalonge - Hector de Vega

-La physique de l'univers, la cosmologie physique, thème central et fondateur de l' Ecole Chalonge - de Vega depuis sa création, thème du prix Nobel de physique 2019-

Le prix Nobel de physique 2019 a été attribué au cosmologiste physique américain d'origine canadienne James PEEBLES, âgé de 84 ans, et au deux astronomes suisses Michel MAYOR, âgé de 77 ans, et son ancien élève Didier QUELOZ. Le premier pour ses études de cosmologie physique (évolution et structuration de l'univers), les seconds pour l'observation de la première planète hors du système solaire, observations faites à l'OHP en 1995, observatoire fondé par Daniel Chalonge et avec le célèbre télescope de 193 cm le utilisé par Chalonge.

1991: Rapport de prospective INSU de 1991 à Carqueiranne → Fermeture de l'OHP envisagée

1990 CSAA INSU: Refus de super-CORAVEL
→ ELODIE (Le directeur P. Véron insiste avec PACA)

1995: découverte de 51Pegb à l'OHP avec ELODIE le 6 octobre par Michel Mayor et Didier Queloz

2019: Prix Nobel de Physique pour Michel Mayor et Didier Queloz (pour la découverte de 51Pegb à l'OHP avec ELODIE le 6 octobre)



Four Nobel Prizes of Physics to Fundamental Cosmology !

Le Modèle Standard Cosmologique construit à partir de ses piliers fondamentaux à l'école Chalonge - de Vega depuis 1991, année de la découverte des fluctuations du fond du rayonnement fondamental de l'univers, récompensé en 2006 par le prix Nobel de physique à John Mather et George Smoot du satellite COBE (Cosmic Background Explorer), participants réguliers et professeurs de l'école, qui nous ont remis une copie de la médaille Nobel reçue de Héctor de Vega et moi-même. Et en 2010, prix Nobel de Physique pour la découverte de l'énergie noire à Brian Schmidt, Adam Reiss et Saul Perlmutter, à des participants et conférenciers de l'Ecole.

Le prix Nobel de physique 2019 pour la cosmologie récompense les travaux des années 60 sur le CMB rayonnement primordial de l'univers qui n'étaient pas récompensés à l'époque et dans lesquels le physicien russe George Gamow l'avait déjà prédit, et qui sont morts sans être récompensés. , le même que le cosmologiste physique Ya. Zeldovich qui n'a pas remporté le prix Nobel (des prix Nobel ne sont pas attribués post-mortem).

Lorsque le rayonnement primordial a été découvert en 1966,
le prix Nobel a été attribué à ceux qui l'ont observé,
(Penzias et Wilson),
mais pas à ceux qui l'avaient prédit ou interprété
théoriquement, ce qui est maintenant réparée en partie
avec le prix à Peebles .

Peebles est peut-être le seul survivant de cette contribution
à ce stade.

George GAMOW, Kongelige Danske Videnskabernes
Selskab, 39 (1953)

Dicke, R.H., Peebles, P.J.E., Roll P.G., & Wilkinson, D.T.,
Astrophys J. Letters, 142, 414-419 (1965)

Avec ce que je connais des Archives et de la cosmologie moderne, Je comprends que si le prix Nobel a été attribué à Peebles en 2019, c'est aussi parce que Wilkinson a été pensé à juste titre pour le prix Nobel et tout ce que le satellite de Wilkinson, le WMAP et ses disciples a fait, mais Wilkinson est maintenant décédé, et en outre on n'attribue pas le prix Nobel à des équipes collectives de plus de trois membres).

Peut être était la dernière chance de reconnaître un des derniers pionniers survivants du CMB.

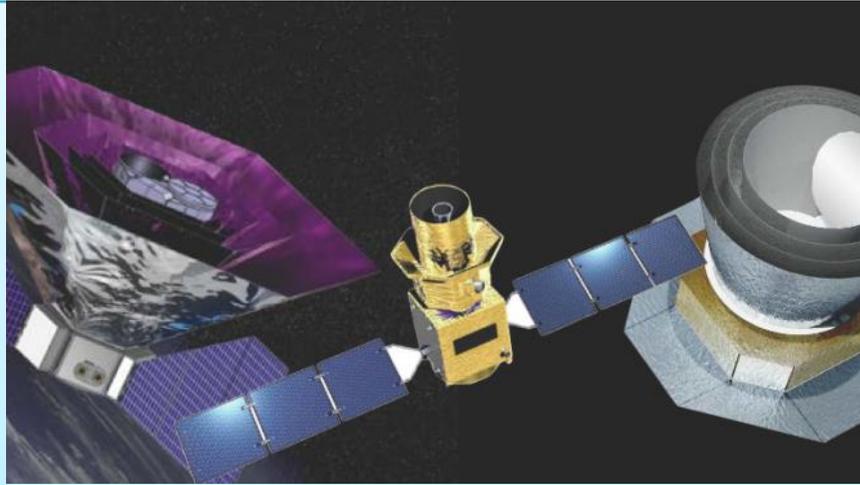
Les noms et la mémoire de ceux qui ne sont plus là et que le temps et les circonstances laissent de côté dans les fleuves du temps (comme disait Leonardo

Constat: Les cosmologues et physiciens de l'école russe (et plus généralement les scientifiques de l'école russe):
absents du Prix Nobel

George GAMOW,

Yakov Zeldovich, Igor Novikov
(CMB, cosmologie, black holes, Zeldovich and Novikov work).

A suivre.... (de prés...)



LiteBIRD (acronyme de *Lite (Light) satellite for the studies of B-mode polarization and Inflation from cosmic background Radiation Detection* en français *satellite léger pour l'étude de la polarisation en mode B et de l'inflation à partir de la détection du rayonnement de fond cosmique*)

LiteBIRD est une mission satellite nouvelle génération de l'étude du fond diffus cosmologique (CMB), sélectionné par la JAXA (agence spatiale japonaise) comme mission stratégique d'envergure et dont le lancement est prévu pour 2027.

LiteBIRD fournira des données inégalées sur les anisotropies polarisées du CMB sur des échelles angulaires intermédiaires et grandes, offrant un accès unique à une science riche et potentiellement révolutionnaire. Cela permettra à LiteBIRD d'ouvrir la voie à l'étude de la physique de l'Univers très primordial d'élargir le champ de la cosmologie observationnelle et de produire un ensemble de données d'une richesse unique. **Physique de la Grand Unification**

LiteBIRD permettra en outre une large gamme de collecte de données auxiliaires couvrant une gamme de fréquences en polarisation avec une sensibilité à grande échelle plus de 50 fois supérieure à celle de Planck.

LiteBIRD sera composé de 4700 détecteurs (fournis par la NASA), observant dans 15 bandes de fréquences de 34 GHz à 448 GHz. Sa conception comprend trois télescopes à modulation de polarisation.

LiteBIRD aura la capacité de détecter une signature d'ondes gravitationnelles primordiales avec une amplitude relative à celle des perturbations de densité aussi faible que $r = 0,001$ en tenant compte de la systématique, des résidus de premier plan et du bruit.

**New Quantum Phase of the
Universe before Inflation:
Its present day and Dark Energy
implications**

Norma G. Sanchez

CNRS LERMA OP PSL SU

Dark Energy Action 2019, IHP 21Nov

Standard Cosmological Model:

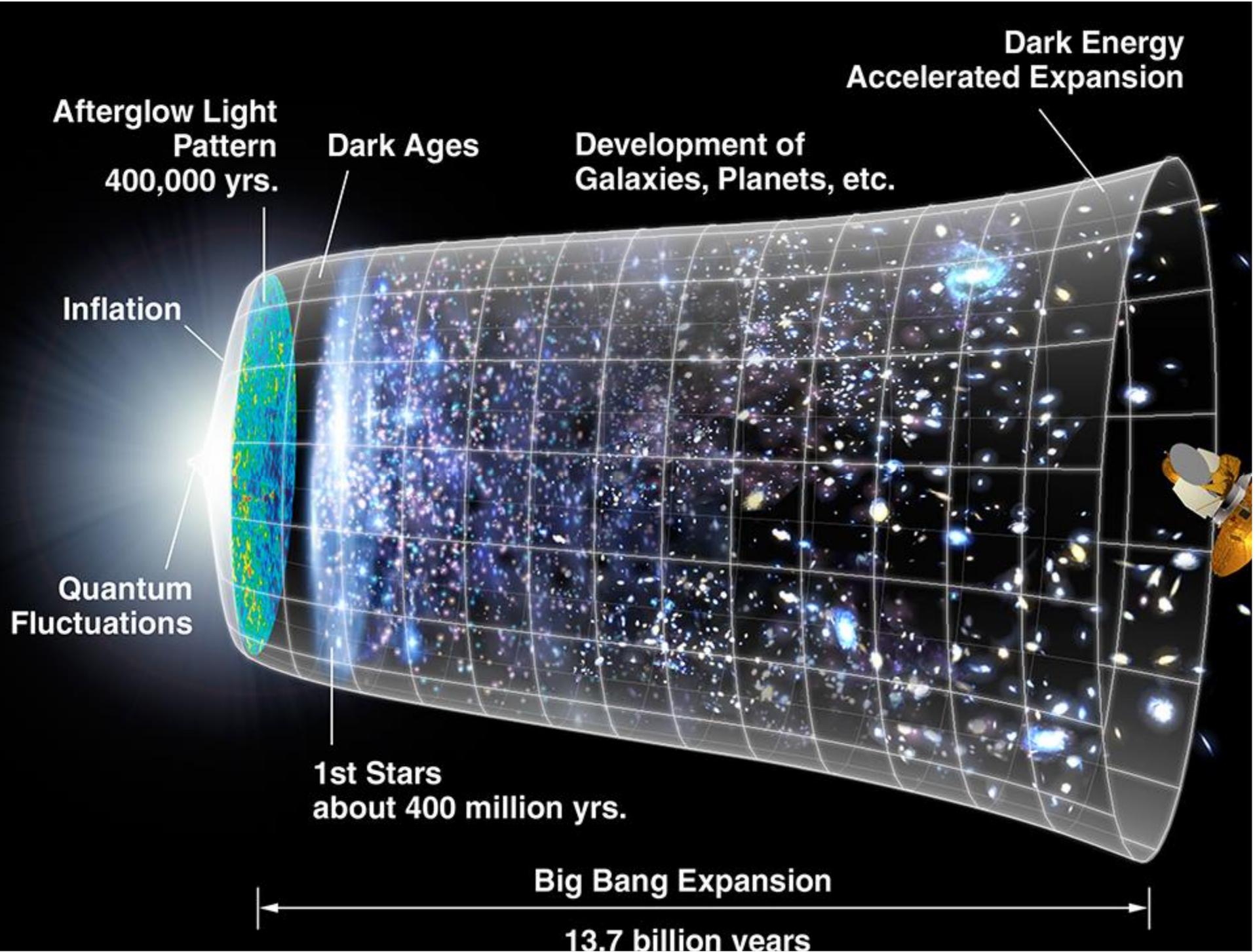
Ordinary Matter + Dark Matter + Cosmological Constant

- Begins by the **inflationary** era.
- Gravity is described by Einstein's General Relativity. Matter determines the spacetime geometry.
- **Ordinary Matter** described by the Standard Model of Particle Physics: $SU(3) \otimes SU(2) \otimes U(1) =$ qcd+electroweak model. Strong, electromagnetic and weak interactions involving quarks, gluons, protons, electrons, photons and neutrinos.
- **Dark matter** plays a crucial role in galaxy and structures formation. DM could be a **sterile neutrino** which does not interact through the SM and has mass \sim keV.
- Dark energy uniformly distributed in space. **Repulsive** gravitational force. Described by the cosmological constant Λ .

Standard Cosmological Model: Λ CDM \Rightarrow Λ WDM

Dark Matter + Λ + Baryons + Radiation
begins by the Inflationary Era. **Explains** the Observations:

- Seven years WMAP data and further CMB data
- Light Elements Abundances
- Large Scale Structures (LSS) Observations. BAO.
- Acceleration of the Universe expansion:
Supernova Luminosity/Distance and Radio Galaxies.
- Gravitational Lensing Observations
- Lyman α Forest Observations
- Hubble Constant and Age of the Universe
Measurements
- Properties of Clusters of Galaxies
- Galaxy structure explained by WDM



CONTENT

I. Introduction and some Fundamentals

Classical - Quantum Duality
through the Planck scale

III. The Classical Universe and its **Quantum Dual**

IV Some Numbers and Cosmological Implications

. Implications for Inflation

. Implications for Dark Energy

V. The Cosmological Constant: Vacuum Energy,
Entropy and Temperature of the Universe

VI. Conclusions and Outlook

The physical history of the Universe is completed: quantum planckian and super-planckian phase before Inflation in **the Standard Model of the Universe in agreement with observations.**

Quantum physics and its foundational milestone: **the universal classical-quantum (or wave-particle) duality**, which we extend to gravity and the Planck domain.

New quantum precursor phase of the Universe beyond the Planck scale.

Cosmic Microwave Background, Inflation and Dark Energy have their precursors in this era.

Whole unifying picture for the Universe epochs and their quantum precursors emerges

with the **cosmological constant as the vacuum energy, gravitational entropy and temperature of the Universe**, clarifying the so called cosmological constant problem which once more in its rich history needed to be revised.

The consequences for the deep universe surveys, and missions like Euclid will be outlined.

REFERENCES

- [1] N. G. Sanchez, *New Quantum Phase of the Universe before Inflation and its Cosmological and Dark Energy Implications*
[Int Journal Mod Phys A34, No.27, 1950155 \(2019\)](#)
- [2] N. G. Sanchez, *The Classical-Quantum Duality of Nature: New variables for Quantum Gravity*,
arXiv:1803.04257, [Int Journal Mod Phys D18, 1950055 \(2019\)](#)
- [3] N. G. Sanchez, *The New Quantum structure of the space-time*,
[J. Grav & Cosmology 25, pp 91-102, \(2019\)](#)
<https://link.springer.com/article/10.1134/S0202289319020142>
- **Projects:** The New Universe , Dark Energy Programme, The Fractal Tree, Open Science & Open Access,
https://www.researchgate.net/profile/Norma_Sanchez12

Nature is Quantum.

That means that the real and complete laws of nature are those of quantum physics. Classical behaviours and domains are particular cases, limiting situations or approximations.

Classical gravity, and thus successful General Relativity are incomplete (non quantum) theories and must be considered as a particular approximation from a more complete theory yet to achieve.

A complete quantum theory should include and account for the physics at the Planck scale and domain.

(i) Instead of starting from gravity, that is General Relativity and quantize it (by applying the different quantization -perturbative and non perturbative- procedures, with the by now well known shortcomings and developpements and its rich bibliography (is not our aim here to review it),

(ii) I start from Quantum theory and try to extend it to the Planck scale domain. (instead of going from classical gravity to quantum gravity, I go from quantum physics to quantum gravity). Of course, in constructing the road (ii) many of the lessons from

RECALL: One tractable and well posed piece of work is **SEMICLASSICAL GRAVITY** :
Quantum fields in **classical General Relativity**

Examples are the Hawking radiation,
the early universe inflation and the primordial quantum fluctuations, seeds of the structure in the Universe **imprinted in the CMB temperature anisotropies and polarization.**

Moreover, as a result of **quantum theory**, the **quantum cosmological vacuum** could be the **source** of the present acceleration of the universe (**dark**

The Wave-Particle Duality of Quantum Physics Including Gravity

Nature has a dual behavior of wave and corpuscle:
this is the well known
classical-quantum duality or wave-particle duality

of quantum physics (as the light and its photons, the microscopic world of elementary particles, ultradense plasmas, the laser, macroscopic quantum states (as compact stars, dwarfs , black holes), and many other examples).

I generalized this duality to gravity

by including its three regimes: classical, semiclassical and quantum, together with the Planck regime and the elementary particles domain: namely the

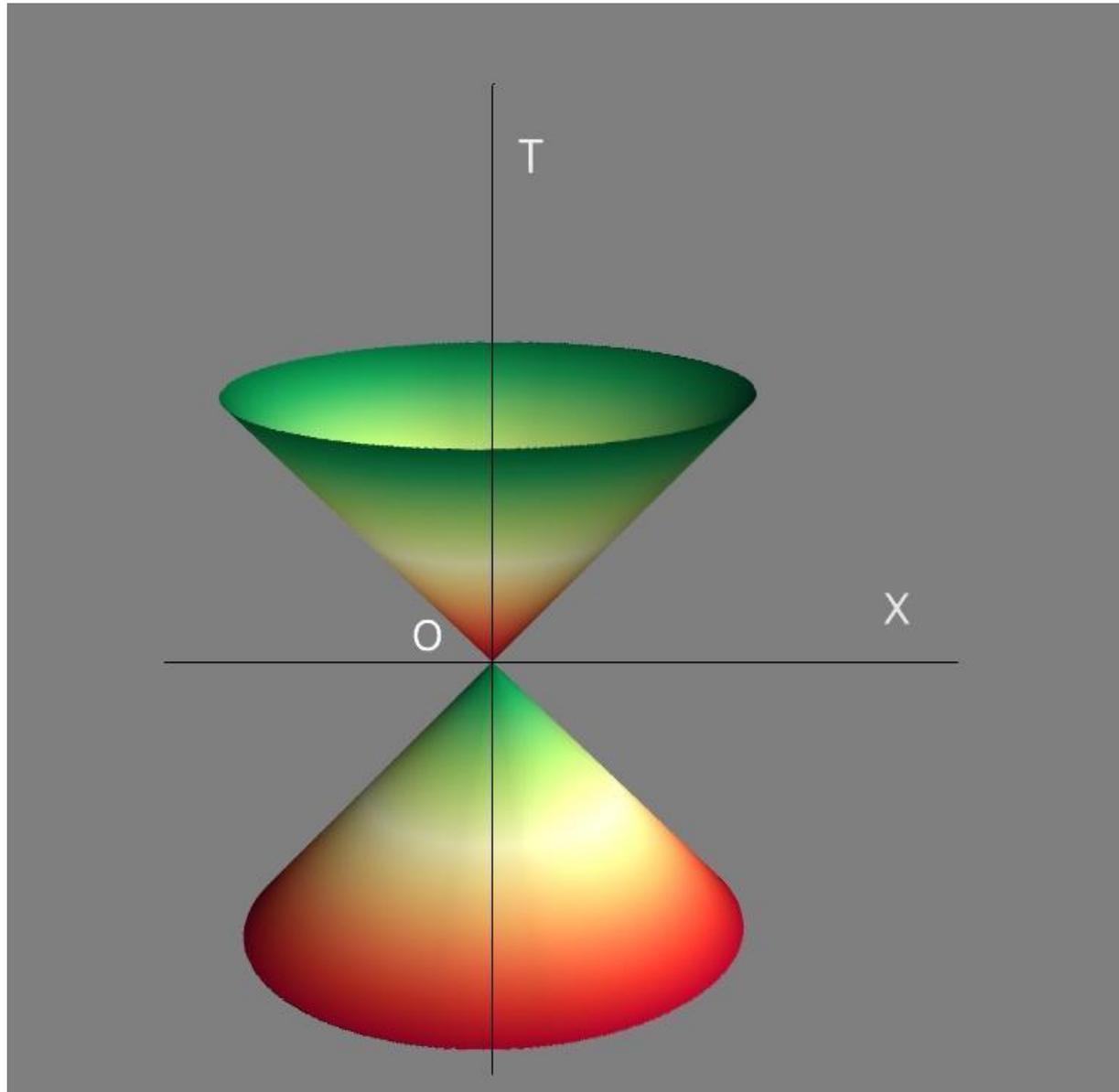
wave-particle-gravity duality or the classical-quantum gravity duality.

NGS, IJMPD18, (January 2019), June 2019

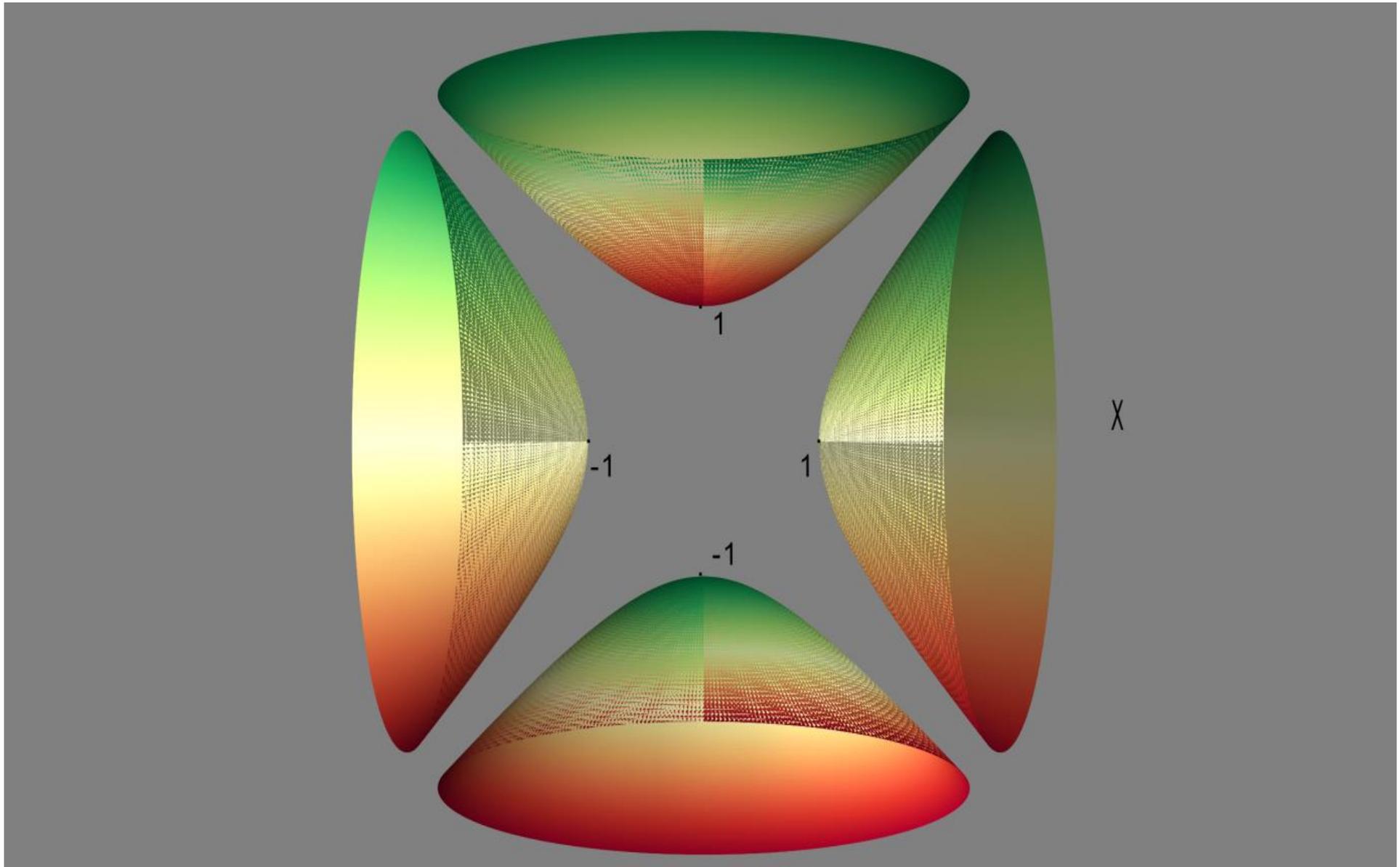
This Duality is Universal

it includes the known duality and allows a general clarification and new results which reveal:

- (i) The classical-quantum duality of the space-time and black holes**
- (ii) A new quantum domain not present in classical gravity does appear**
- (iii) The quantum light-cone from which the known classical light-cone of relativity and the classical universe are a special case.
A more complete vision of space-time does**



The known classical light-cone (future and past) of classical relativity in a space-time diagram is a special case of the Quantum light -cone



The quantum light-cone in a space-time diagram (time is the vertical axis).

Copyright Norma G. Sanchez

The classical Universe today U_{Λ} : set of physical gravitational observables (age or size, mass, density, temperature, entropy) (L, M, ρ, T, S)

$U_{\Lambda} = (L_{\Lambda}, M_{\Lambda}, \rho_{\Lambda}, T_{\Lambda}, S_{\Lambda})$: Classical Universe

The very early quantum Universe U_Q : set of corresponding quantum dual physical quantities ($L_Q, M_Q, \rho_Q, T_Q, S_Q$):

$U_Q = (L_Q, M_Q, \rho_Q, T_Q, S_Q)$: Quantum Universe

$$U_Q = u_p^2 / U_{\Lambda}$$

$u_p = (l_p, m_p, \rho_p, t_p, s_p)$: Planck Scale

The crossing scale between the two gravity domains

THE FUNDAMENTAL PLANCK SCALE

$$(\mathbf{h}, \mathbf{c}, \mathbf{G}): \quad \mathbf{L}_G = 2\mathbf{GM}/\mathbf{c}^2, \quad \mathbf{L}_Q = \mathbf{h}/\mathbf{Mc}$$

$$\mathbf{l}_P = (\mathbf{hG}/\mathbf{c}^3)^{1/2}, \quad \mathbf{m}_p = (\mathbf{hc}/\mathbf{G})^{1/2}$$

$$\mathbf{G}/\mathbf{c}^2 = \mathbf{l}_P/\mathbf{m}_p, \quad \mathbf{l}_P \mathbf{m}_p = \mathbf{h}/\mathbf{c}$$

$$\mathbf{l}_P = 10^{-33} \text{ cm}, \quad \mathbf{m}_p = 10^{-5} \text{ gr}, \quad \mathbf{t}_p = 10^{-44} \text{ sec}$$

$$\mathbf{L}_Q = \mathbf{l}_P^2 / \mathbf{L}_G, \quad \mathbf{M}_Q = \mathbf{m}_p^2 / \mathbf{M}, \quad \mathbf{O}_Q = \mathbf{o}_P^2 / \mathbf{O}_G$$

$$\text{New Variables : } \mathbf{L}_{QG} = \mathbf{L}_Q + \mathbf{L}_G, \quad \mathbf{O}_{QG} = \mathbf{O}_Q + \mathbf{O}_G, \quad \mathbf{Q} \leftrightarrow \mathbf{G}$$

$$\text{N.G.S, Int J. Mod Phys D18, 1950055 (2019)} \quad \mathbf{O}_{QG} = \mathbf{o}_P (\mathbf{O}_G/\mathbf{o}_P + \mathbf{o}_P/\mathbf{O}_G)$$

A Precursor Quantum phase of the known **Classical Inflation era** does appear as well as the precursors for the classical standard eras and today Dark Energy era.

NEW RESULTS FOR INFLATION

$$[\Delta^S_{QH}] = [\Delta^S_H] \frac{1}{[1 + (H/h_p)^2]} \frac{1}{(1 - \delta\varepsilon_{QH})^{1/2}}$$

$$[\Delta^T_{QH}] = [\Delta^T_H] \frac{1}{[1 + (H/h_p)^2]}$$

H: classical known Inflation (**classical H**) era,

Q: stands for its **Quantum dual precursor**,

QH stands for the Complete Inflation era : **classical known Inflation** and **its Quantum precursor Inflation**.

The QH factor modifying the Hubble constant and the inflationary spectra can be written

as the summation of the series:

$$QH \equiv \frac{H}{[1 + (H/h_P)^2]} = H \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} (-1)^n \left(\frac{H}{h_P} \right)^{2n} \quad (1)$$

The QH factor covers

the **FULL CLASSICAL** and **QUANTUM RANGE**, namely:

If $H < h_P$, Eq.(1) yields the usual corrections in $(H/h_P)^2$.

If $H \gg h_P$, Eq.(1) precisely changes to the quantum regime, ie to the quantum Hubble rate H_Q , which is the *super-Planckian domain*:

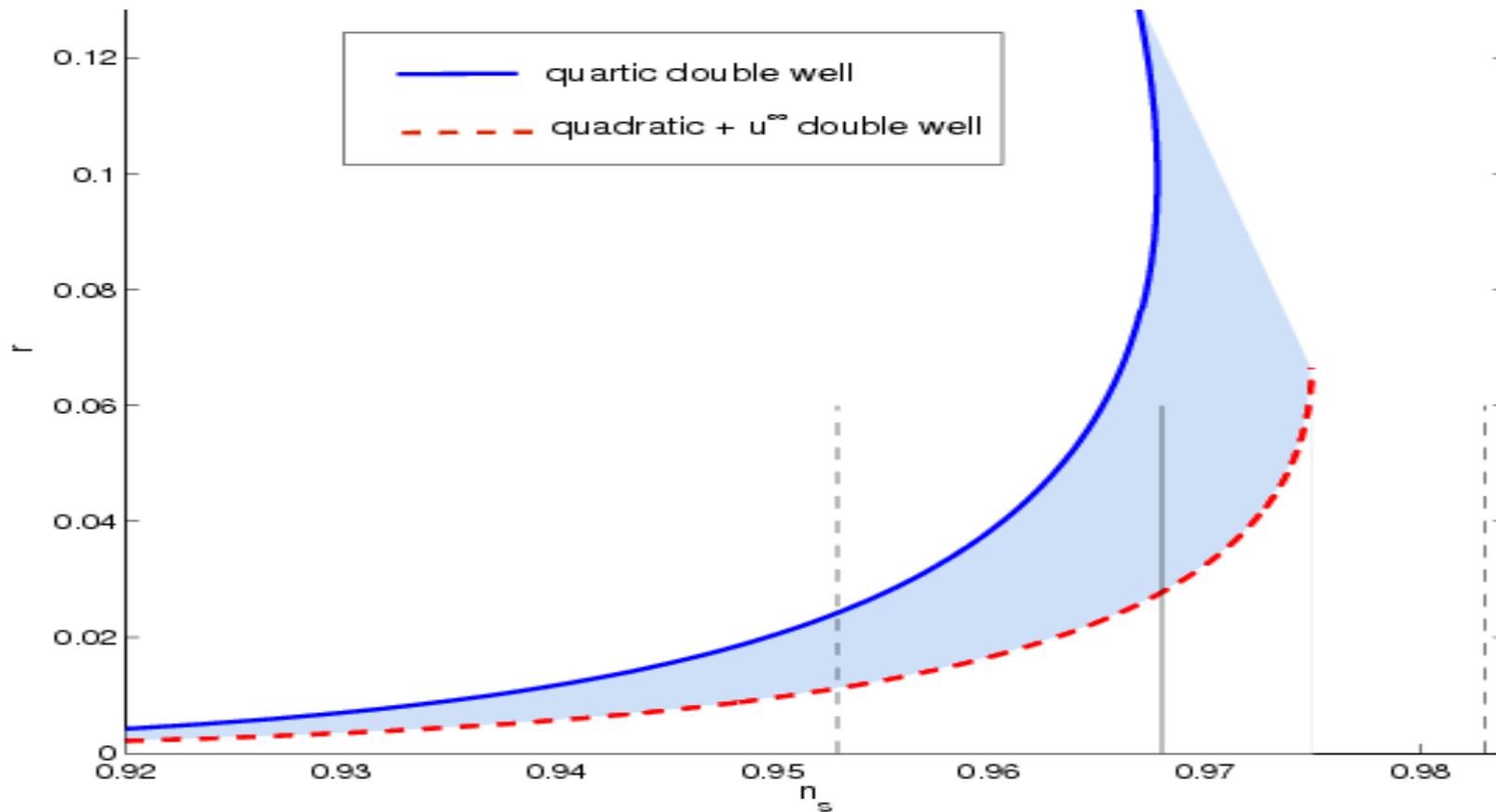
$$HQ \equiv \frac{H_Q}{[1 + (H_Q/h_P)^2]} \quad (2)$$

Efficient Theory of Inflation (ETI) confirmed by Planck

Quantity	ETI Prediction	Planck 2013
Spectral index $1 - n_s$	order $1/N = 0.02$	0.04
Running $dn_s/d\ln k$	order $1/N^2 = 0.0004$	< 0.01
Non-Gaussianity f_{NL}	order $1/N = 0.02$	< 6
	ETI + WMAP+LSS	
tensor/scalar ratio r	$r > 0.02$	< 0.11 see BICEP
inflaton potential curvature $V''(0)$	$V''(0) < 0$	$V''(0) < 0$

ETI + WMAP+LSS means the MCMC analysis combining the ETI with WMAP and LSS data. Such analysis calls for an inflaton potential with negative curvature at horizon exit. **The double well potential** is favoured (new inflation).

I. Boyanovsky, C. Destri, H. J. de Vega, N. G. Sanchez, arXiv:0901.0549, IJMPA 24, 3669-3864 (2009).



THE PRIMORDIAL COSMIC BANANA

The tensor to scalar ratio r (primordial gravitons) versus the scalar spectral index n_s . **The amount of r is always non zero**

H.J. de Vega, C. Destri, N.G. Sanchez,
Annals Phys 326, 578 (2011), PRD (2006), PRD 2008)

Two key observable numbers :
associated to the primordial density and
primordial gravitons :

PREDICTIONS

$$n_s = 0.9608 , \quad r \sim 0.04$$

$$0.021 < r < 0.059$$

Destri, de Vega, Sanchez (PRD 2008): WMAP

Burigana, Destri, Mandolesi, Natoli, de Vega,

Sanchez ApJ 2010

Planck Bicep2 Keck : $r < 0.08$ (2015)

$r < 0.064$ (2018)

NEW RESULTS FOR DARK ENERGY

Dark energy and its more direct candidate, the cosmological constant, [Supernova (1998, 1999, 2001), WMAP (2003, 2008, 2013), Planck sat.(2018), DES (2018), DES/LIGO, (2019)] is relevant to both modern cosmology and particle physics.

The value of the observed dark energy density today $\rho_H \equiv \rho_\Lambda$:

$$\rho_\Lambda = \Omega_\Lambda \rho_c = 3.28 \cdot 10^{-11} (eV)^4 = (2.39 \text{ meV})^4, \quad \text{meV} = 10^{-3} eV$$

corresponding to $h = 0.73$, $\Omega_\Lambda = 0.76$, $H = 1.558 \cdot 10^{-33} eV$.

The last Planck satellite data yield the values: $H = 67.4 \pm 0.5 \text{ Km sec}^{-1} \text{ Mpc}^{-1}$,
 $\Omega_\Lambda h^2 = 0.0224 \pm 10^{-4}$, $\Omega_\Lambda = 0.6847 \pm 0.0073$, $\Omega_\Lambda h^2 = 0.3107 \pm 0.0082$,

which implies for the cosmological constant today:

$$\Lambda = (4.24 \pm 0.11) \cdot 10^{-66} (eV)^2 = (2.846 \pm 0.076) \cdot 10^{-122} m_P^2$$

The density ρ_Λ associated to Λ is precisely:

$$\rho_\Lambda = \frac{\Lambda}{8\pi G} = \rho_P \left(\frac{\Lambda}{\lambda_P} \right), \quad \rho_P = \frac{\lambda_P}{8\pi G} \quad \lambda_P = 3h_P^2$$

The Universe Today is Essentially Empty

—Inter galactic distances \sim Mpc. (pc = 3.0857×10^{13} kms.)

Galaxy sizes \sim 0.0001 – 0.1 Mpc. (pc = 3.262 light years.)

99.9 % of the universe volume is the intergalactic space with an average energy density of 5 proton masses per m (cosmological constant).

Galaxy masses: $10^6 - 10^{12} M_{\odot}$ from dwarf compact galaxies to (diluted) big galaxies spirals.

Galaxy density:

\sim 4000 – 40000 proton masses per m^3 for big galaxies.

$\sim 4 \times 10^6$ proton masses per m^3 for small compact galaxies

For comparison: air density at the atmospheric pressure and 0° C $\sim 3.9 \times 10^{26}$ proton masses per m^3 .

NEW RESULTS FOR DARK ENERGY

This framework reveals enlightening for the issue of *Dark Energy*, and allows clarification into *the cosmological constant problem*.

The classical Universe today U_{Λ} is precisely a *classical dilute gravity vacuum dominated by voids and supervoids as shown by observations*: The observed value of ρ_{Λ} or Λ today is *precisely the classical dual of its quantum precursor values ρ_Q, Λ_Q in the quantum very early precursor vacuum U_Q as determined by our dual Equations*.

The high density ρ_Q and cosmological constant Λ_Q are *precisely the quantum particle physics superplanckian value 10^{122}* . This is precisely expressed by our dual Equations.

The enormous discrepancy between the large theoretical value expected from **microscopic particle physics for the vacuum energy density 10^{122}** and the **small cosmological value observed today 10^{-122}** is largely known as the cosmological constant problem.

However, several clarifications are in order here:

- (i) The classical gravity vacuum.
- (ii) **The quantum gravity vacuum.**
- (iii) Two extremely different physical gravity regimes.
- (iv) The classical and **quantum dual values.**
- (v) The discrepancy **is correct and** must be in that way.
- (vi) The true problem.
- (vii) Not trivial. Deep and Consistent. **A General framework**

The two huge different values: 10^{-122} and 10^{+122} refer to *two huge physically different vacuum states* of the Universe corresponding to **two huge different eras**, to two huge different physical cosmological conditions (**present time and very early eras**), and consistently, they *must be different*. Such enormous difference must be in such way and is **not a problem or inconsistency**.

Moreover and consistently, one value is the *quantum physics dual* of the other -*or the quantum precursor* of the other- as *exactly* expressed by the dual Equations.

This is not fortuitous, that is to say, this is not pure chance or unexplained coincidence. This is not trivial, that is to say, this is simple, deep and robust.

The two values: Λ and Λ_Q , (or equivalently ρ_Λ and ρ_Q), refer to the same concept or nature of Λ or ρ_Λ as **a vacuum energy density or cosmological constant** but they are in **two huge different vacuum states or two huge different cosmological epochs**: **Classical state and classical epoch today for Λ observed today**, and **quantum state and trans-Planckian very early universe epoch** for the quantum mechanical super-Planckian value Λ_Q .

The classical value today $\Lambda = 3H^2$ corresponds to **the classical Universe today of classical rate H and classical cosmological radius $L_H = c/H$** . The quantum mechanical value $\Lambda_Q = 3 H_Q^2$ corresponds to **the early quantum Universe of quantum rate H_Q and quantum radius $L_Q = l_p^2 / L_H = h / M_H c$ which is exactly the quantum dual of the classical horizon radius L_H**

$$= 3H^2 = \rho_P (H / h_P)^2 = \rho_P (l_P / L_H)^2$$

$$= (2.846 \pm 0.076) 10^{-122} m_P^2$$

$$Q = 3H_Q^2 = \rho_P (h_P / H)^2 = \rho_P (L_H / l_P)^2$$

$$= (0.3516 \pm 0.094) 10^{122} m_P^2$$

$$Q = \rho_P^2, \quad \rho_P = 3 h_P^2.$$

The quantum dual value Q is precisely the quantum value from particle physics:

$$Q = \rho_P (Q / \rho_P) = \rho_P^2 / \rho_P = 10^{122} \rho_P$$

There is no problem between the two extremely different values Λ and Λ_Q or equivalently between ρ_Λ and ρ_Q , because the two values do not refer to the same vacuum or eras: one is exactly the classical physics today vacuum energy density ρ , the other is its quantum dual value in the planckian and superplanckian very early phase : $10^{-61} t_p < t < t_p$

This early phase of the Universe is exactly **the quantum precursor** of the **today classical era** in the precise meaning of the **wave-particle (or classical-quantum) duality including gravity**.

The two huge different values 10^{+122} and 10^{-122} are explained by the fact that they are exactly, mathematically and physically, the classical-quantum dual of each other:

The Λ_Q value that is to say, the vacuum value computed from particle physics is exactly the quantum dual value of the classical Λ value observed today

THE COSMOLOGICAL CONSTANT:

GRAVITATIONAL ENTROPY

AND TEMPERATURE

OF THE UNIVERSE

GRAVITATIONAL ENTROPY AND TEMPERATURE

$$S = (\text{Area} / 4 a_p) s_p, \quad s_p = \pi k_B$$

$$T = (\text{Area} / a_p)^{1/2} t_p = L t_p = M t_p$$

Classical: CLASSICAL Lengths,

Quantum: QUANTUM Lengths

THE COSMOLOGICAL CONSTANT: VACUUM ENERGY, ENTROPY AND TEMPERATURE OF THE UNIVERSE

$$\Lambda/\lambda_p = \rho_\Lambda/\rho_p = S_Q/s_p = \lambda_p/\Lambda_Q = (T_Q/t_p)^2 = 10^{-122}$$

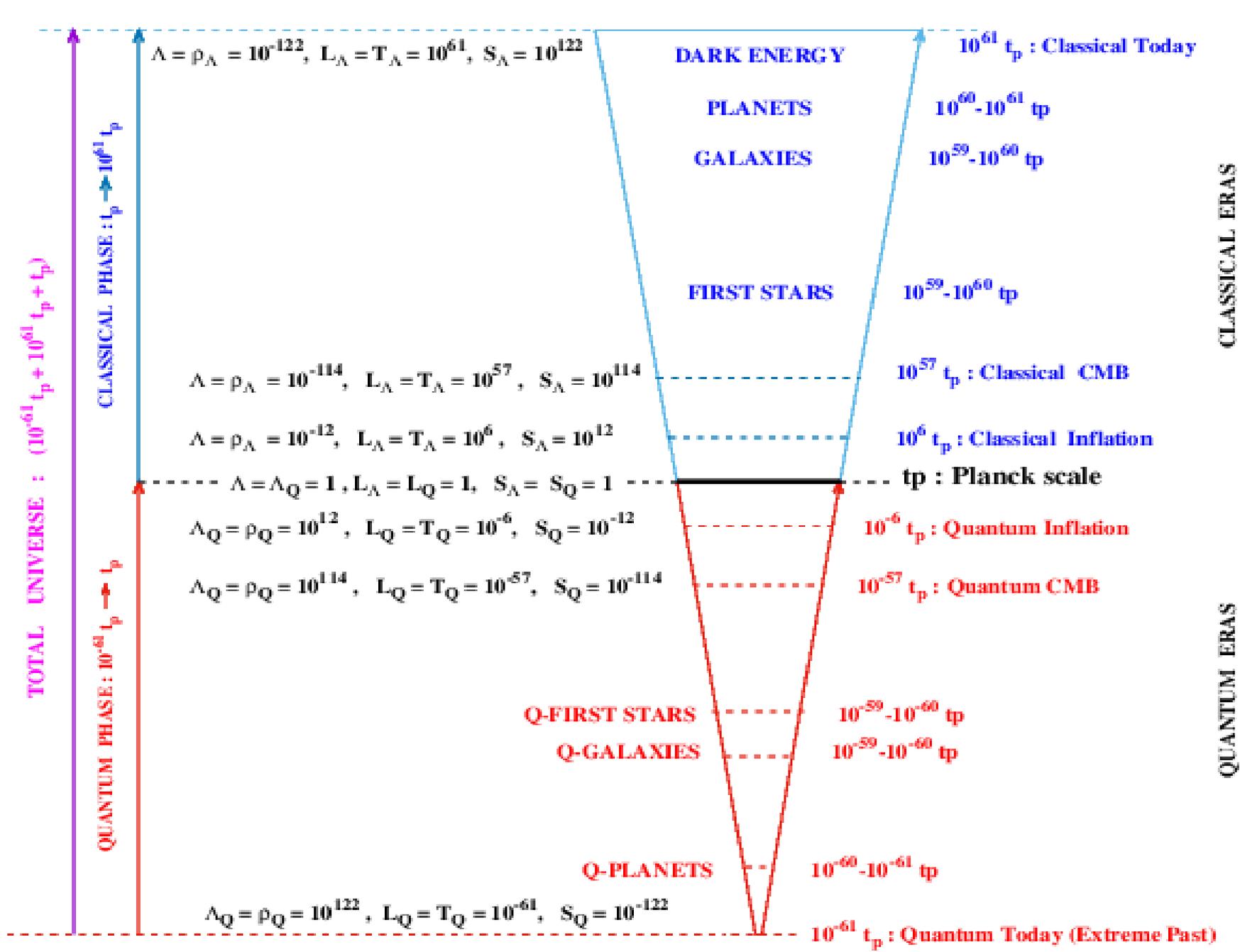
$$\Lambda_Q/\lambda_p = \rho_Q/\rho_p = S_\Lambda/s_p = \lambda_p/\Lambda = (T_\Lambda/t_p)^2 = 10^{+122}$$

$$\Lambda_{\Lambda Q} = \Lambda + \Lambda_Q + \lambda_p = (\Lambda/\lambda_p + \lambda_p/\Lambda + 1)$$

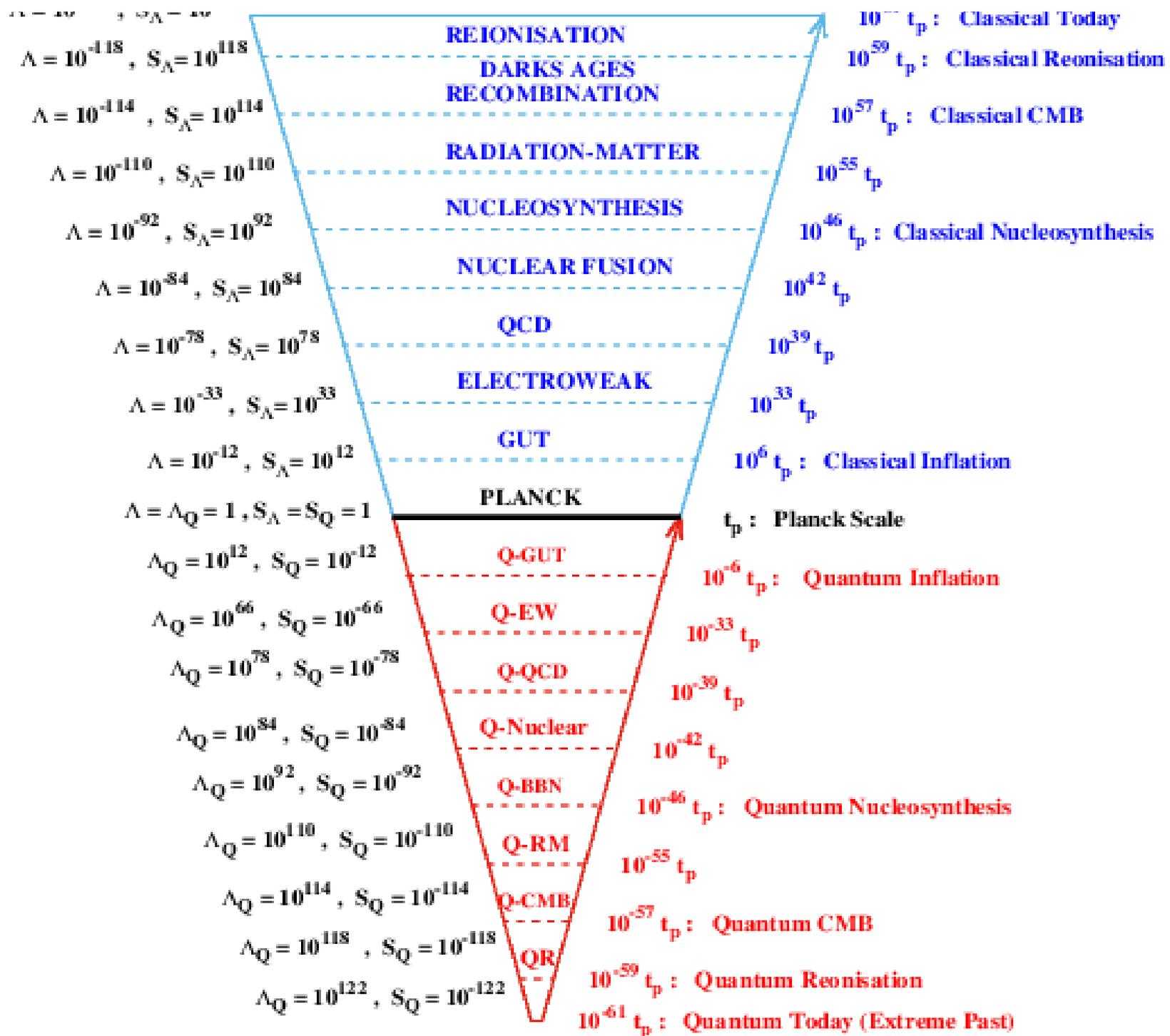
$$\Lambda_{\Lambda Q} = \lambda_p (10^{-122} + 10^{+122} + 1)$$

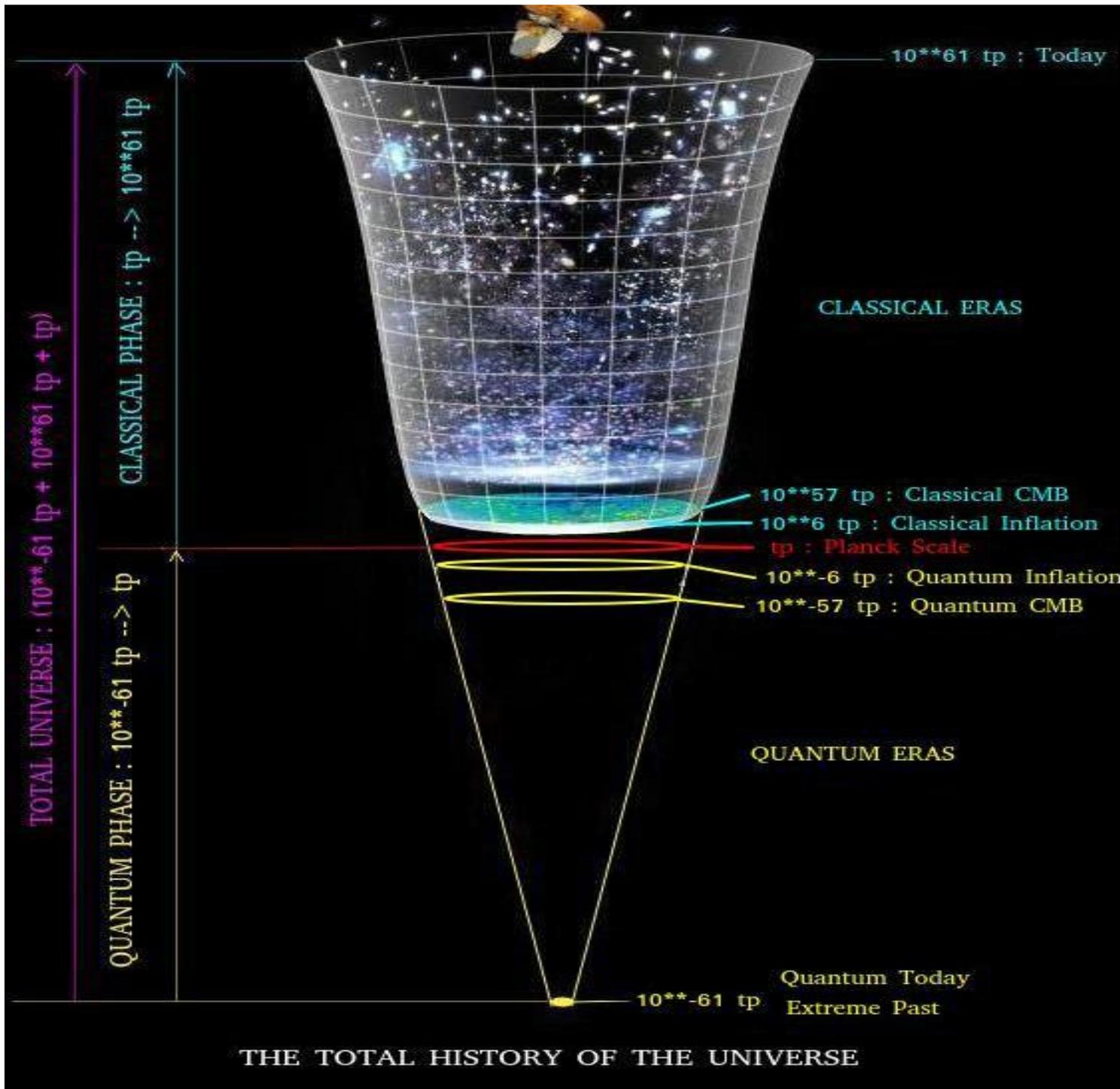
THE ENTROPY OF THE UNIVERSE

Component	Entropy S [k]
Cosmic Event Horizon	$2.6 \pm 0.3 \times 10^{122}$
SMBHs	$1.2^{+1.1}_{-0.7} \times 10^{103}$
*Stellar BHs ($42 - 140 M_{\odot}$)	$1.2 \times 10^{98^{+0.8}_{-1.6}}$
Stellar BHs ($2.5 - 15 M_{\odot}$)	$2.2 \times 10^{96^{+0.6}_{-1.2}}$
Photons	$2.03 \pm 0.15 \times 10^{88}$
Relic Neutrinos	$1.93 \pm 0.15 \times 10^{88}$
Dark Matter	$6 \times 10^{86 \pm 1}$
Relic Gravitons	$2.3 \times 10^{86^{+0.2}_{-3.1}}$
ISM & IGM	$2.7 \pm 2.1 \times 10^{80}$
Stars	$3.5 \pm 1.7 \times 10^{78}$
Total	$2.6 \pm 0.3 \times 10^{122}$



THE TOTAL HISTORY OF THE UNIVERSE





$$M_{\text{moon}} = 7 \cdot 10^{26} \text{ gr} = 7 \cdot 10^{20} m_p, \quad M_{Q \text{ moon}} = 0.14 \cdot 10^{-20} m_p$$

$$M_{\text{asteroid, comet}} = 10^{16} \text{ gr} = 10^{20} m_p, \quad M_{Q \text{ asteroid, comet}} = 10^{-20} m_p$$

- For Human scales: $M_{\text{human}} = 10^6 \text{ gr} = 10^{10} m_p, \quad M_{Q \text{ human}} = 10^{-16} \text{ gr} = 10^{-10} m_p$

$$L_{\text{human}} = 1.7 \cdot 10^2 \text{ cm} = 1.7 \cdot 10^{26} l_p, \quad L_{Q \text{ human}} = 10^{-68} \text{ cm} = 10^{-36} l_p$$

- For atomic scales: $L_{\text{atom}} = 10^{20} l_p, \quad T_{\text{atom}} = 10^{20} t_p, \quad M_{\text{atom}} = 10^{-20} m_p$

$$L_{Q \text{ atom}} = 10^{-20} l_p, \quad T_{Q \text{ atom}} = 10^{-20} t_p, \quad M_{Q \text{ atom}} = 10^{20} m_p$$

- For elementary particles (ex. the electron mass): $M(eV/c^2) = 10^{-33} \text{ gr} = 10^{-28} m_p, \quad M_{Q(eV/c^2)} = 10^{23} \text{ gr} = 10^{28} m_p$

CONCLUSIONS and IMPLICATIONS

- Concepts as the **Hawking temperature** and the **usual (mass) temperature** are shown to be precisely the same concept in the different **classical** and **quantum gravity** regimes respectively. Similarly, it holds for the Bekenstein-Gibbons and Hawking entropy.
- **Unifying and clarifying picture** : main physical gravitational intrinsic magnitudes of the Universe: age, size, mass, vacuum density, temperature, entropy, in terms of **the cosmological constant** covering the relevant gravity regimes or cosmological stages: **classical, semiclassical** and **quantum-planckian and superplanckian**- eras.

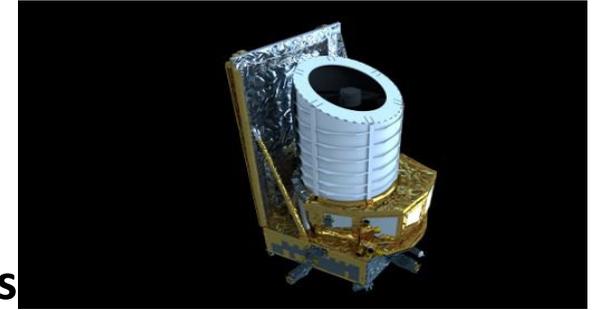
- Cosmological evolution goes from a **quantum precursor phase** to a **semiclassical accelerated de Sitter era (field theory inflation)**, then to the **classical phase** until the present de Sitter era.

“ The **wave-particle-gravity** duality precisely manifests in this evolution, between the different gravity regimes : mapping between asymptotic (in and out) states characterized by the sets U_{Λ} (or U_H) and U_Q , and thus as a Scattering-matrix description: **The Evolution of the Universe as a Scattering problem in time.**

“ **There is no singularity at the Universe's origin.** Because the more earlier known stages of the Universe are de Sitter (or quasi de Sitter) eras : **The extreme past (at $10^{-61} t_P$) is a quantum state of high bounded superplanckian constant**

Euclid Consortium

A space mission to map the Dark Universe



Euclid is primarily a cosmology and fundamental physics mission. Its main scientific objective is to understand the source of the accelerating Universe and discover the very nature of dark energy. It will measure galaxies out to $z \sim 2$, look-back time of about 10 billion years, thus covering the dark energy accelerated period.

PRIMARY SCIENCE

What is the nature of Dark Energy? What are the nature and properties of dark matter? What are the initial conditions which seed the formation of cosmic structure? What will be the future of the Universe over the next ten billion years?

The imprints of dark energy and gravity from their signatures on **the expansion rate of the Universe and the growth of cosmic structures** (Baryonic Acoustic Oscillations and Redshift Space Distortion). Baryon acoustic oscillations provide a direct distance-redshift probe **to explore the expansion rate of the Universe.**

Weak lensing provides an almost direct probe of dark matter but combines together angular distances that probes the expansion rate and the mass density contrast that probe the growth rate of structure and gravity. In contrast, redshift space distortion probes the growth rate of cosmic structures and gravity. **Combined together these three probes are solid and complementary probes of the effects of dark energy.**

Important: H_0 value

Important: $H(z)$ Measurements

$$E(z) = H(z) / H_0$$

We already know from Observations:

$$H(z=1.5) = 2.69 H_0$$

(Reiss et al, 2018, 2019)

$$H(z=1.5) \sim 3 H_0$$

THEORY & OBSERVATIONS

The direction in which data and Theory are pointing:

A Strategy for discoveries:

- “ **Standard Model of the Universe and its Quantum Precursor**
- “ **Standard Single field Inflation: Double Well**
 - “ **$r \sim 0.04 - 0.02$**
- “ **RUNNING of the Primordial Spectral Index 10^{-4}**
- “ **SMALL PRIMORDIAL GAUSSIANTITY : $f_{NL} \sim 0.02$**
 - “ **DARK ENERGY = VACUUM ENERGY = Λ**
 - DARK MATTER = WARM DARK MATTER = keV**
 - NO CUSP/CORE Problem, Profiles are Cored**
 - And more in this direction....**

**MERCI BEAUCOUP
POUR VOTRE ATTENTION !!**

**THANK YOU VERY MUCH
FOR YOUR ATTENTION !!**

**MUCHAS GRACIAS
POR VUESTRA ATENCION !!**

**MOLTE GRAZIE
PER LA VOSTRA ATTENZIONE !!**

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<https://link.springer.com/article/10.1134/S0202289319020142>
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https://www.researchgate.net/profile/Norma_Sanchez12

THE NEW QUANTUM STRUCTURE OF THE SPACE-TIME

” THE CLASSICAL - QUANTUM DUALITY OF NATURE :

$$” O_G = o_P^2 / O_Q , \quad L_G = l_P^2 / L_Q , \quad L_G = 2GM / c^2, \quad L_Q = h / Mc$$

” THE SPACE TIME (X, T) Coordinates as

” QUANTUM NON COMMUTING OPERATORS : [X, T] = 1

° THE SPACE-TIME AS a QUANTUM HARMONIC OSCILLATOR :

$$[X, P] = i, \quad 2H = X^2 + P^2 = 2N + 1, \quad [2H, X] = -iP, \quad [2H, P] = iX$$

P = iT :

$$[X, T] = 1, \quad 2H = X^2 - T^2 = 2N + 1, \quad [2H, X] = T, \quad [2H, T] = X$$

QUANTUM SPACE-TIME

“ $(T^2 - X^2) - 1 \geq 0$: *timelike*

“ $(X^2 - T^2) - 1 \geq 0$: *spacelike*

“ $(T^2 - X^2) - 1 = 0$, *null : the "quantum light- cone".*

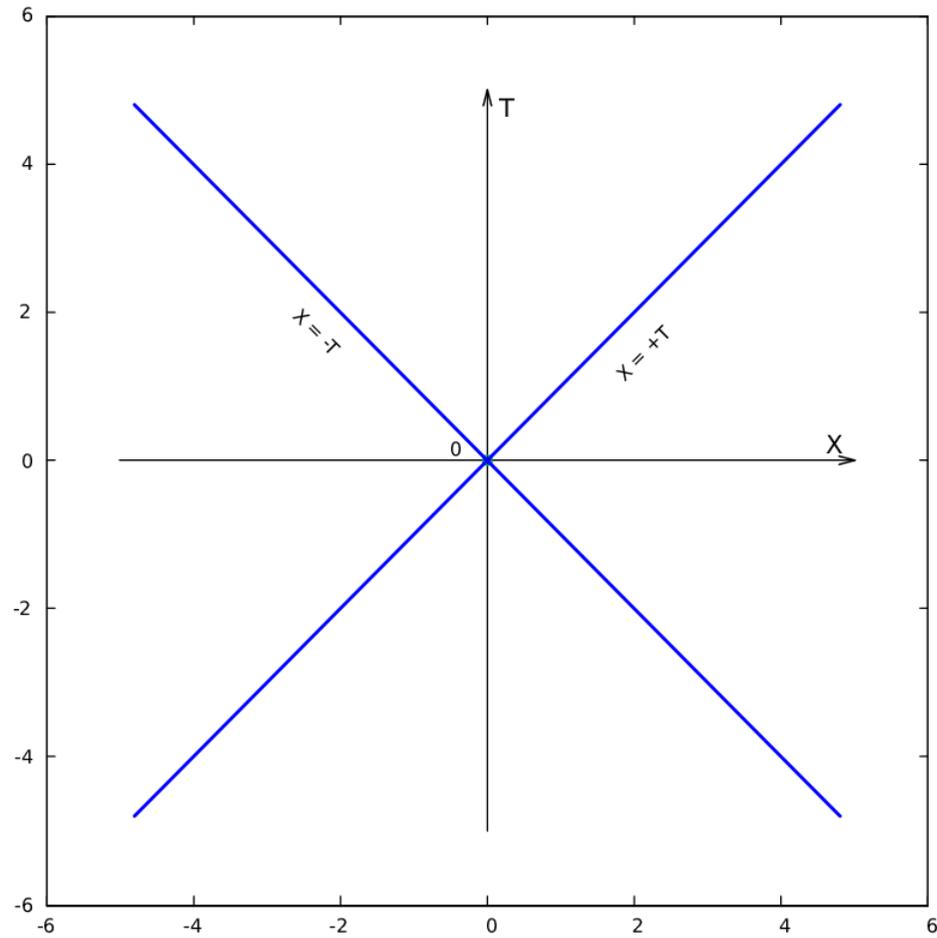
$(X^2 - T^2)_n = 2n + 1$: **discrete levels**

$(X^2 - T^2) = \pm[X, T] = \pm 1, \quad 1 = 2\varepsilon_0, \quad (n = 0)$

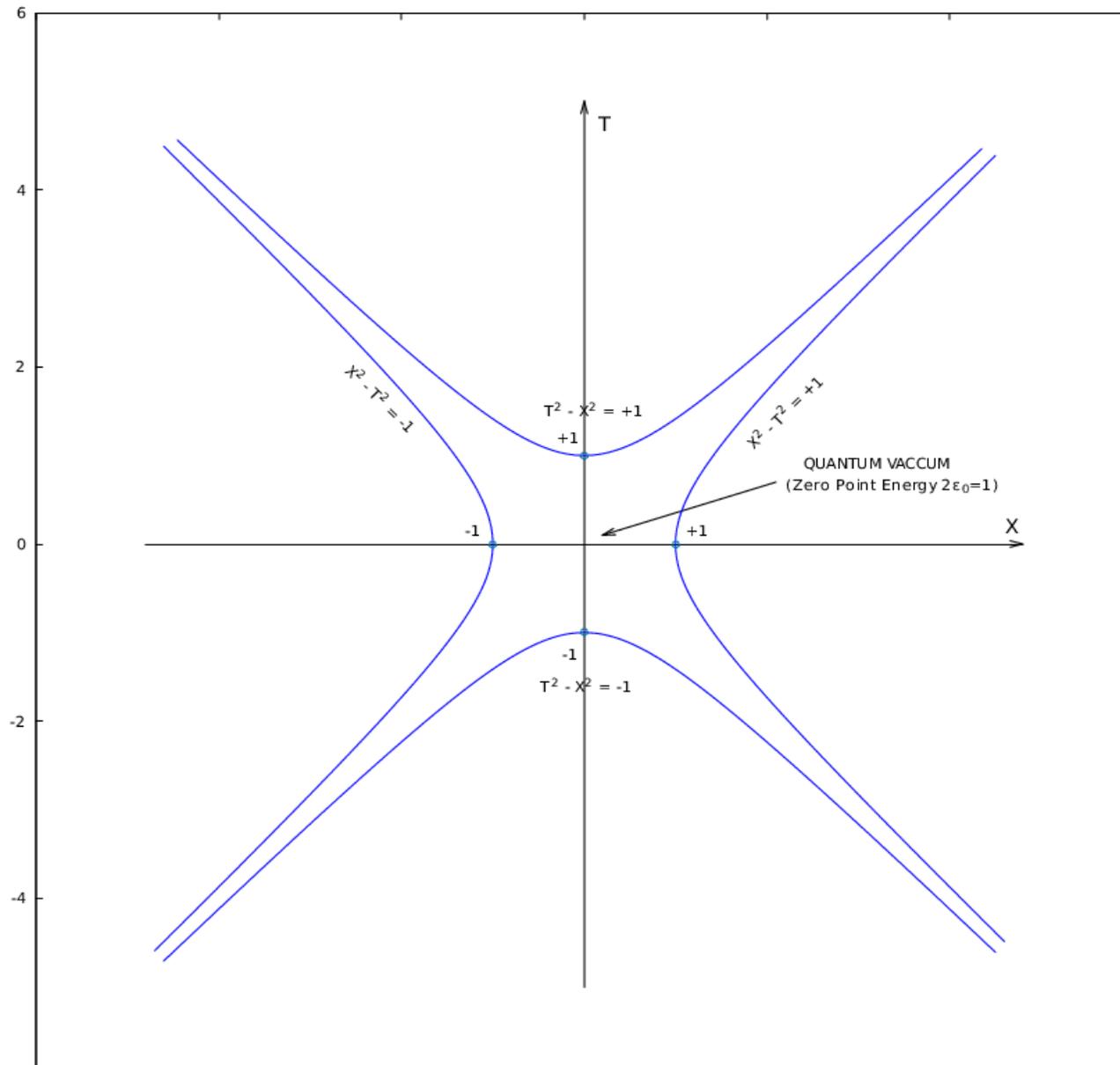
the quantum light cone

“ $[X, T] = 0$: $X = \pm T$ **the classical light cone.**

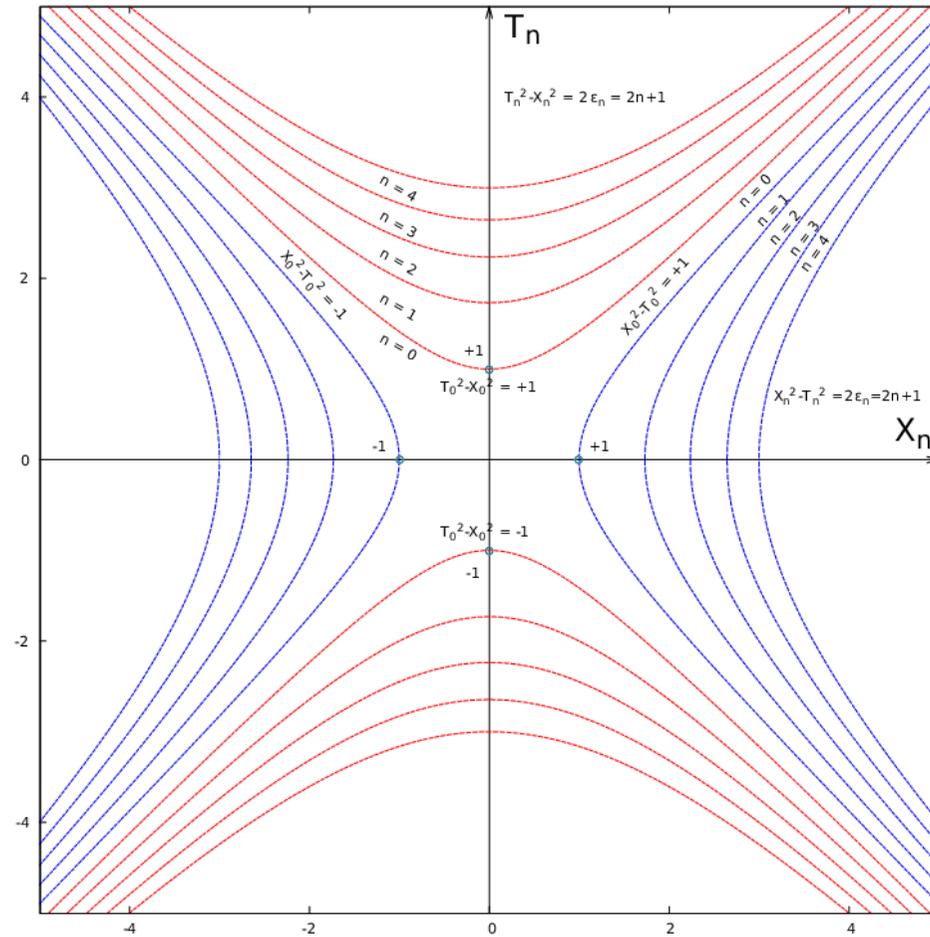
THE CLASSICAL LIGHT CONE

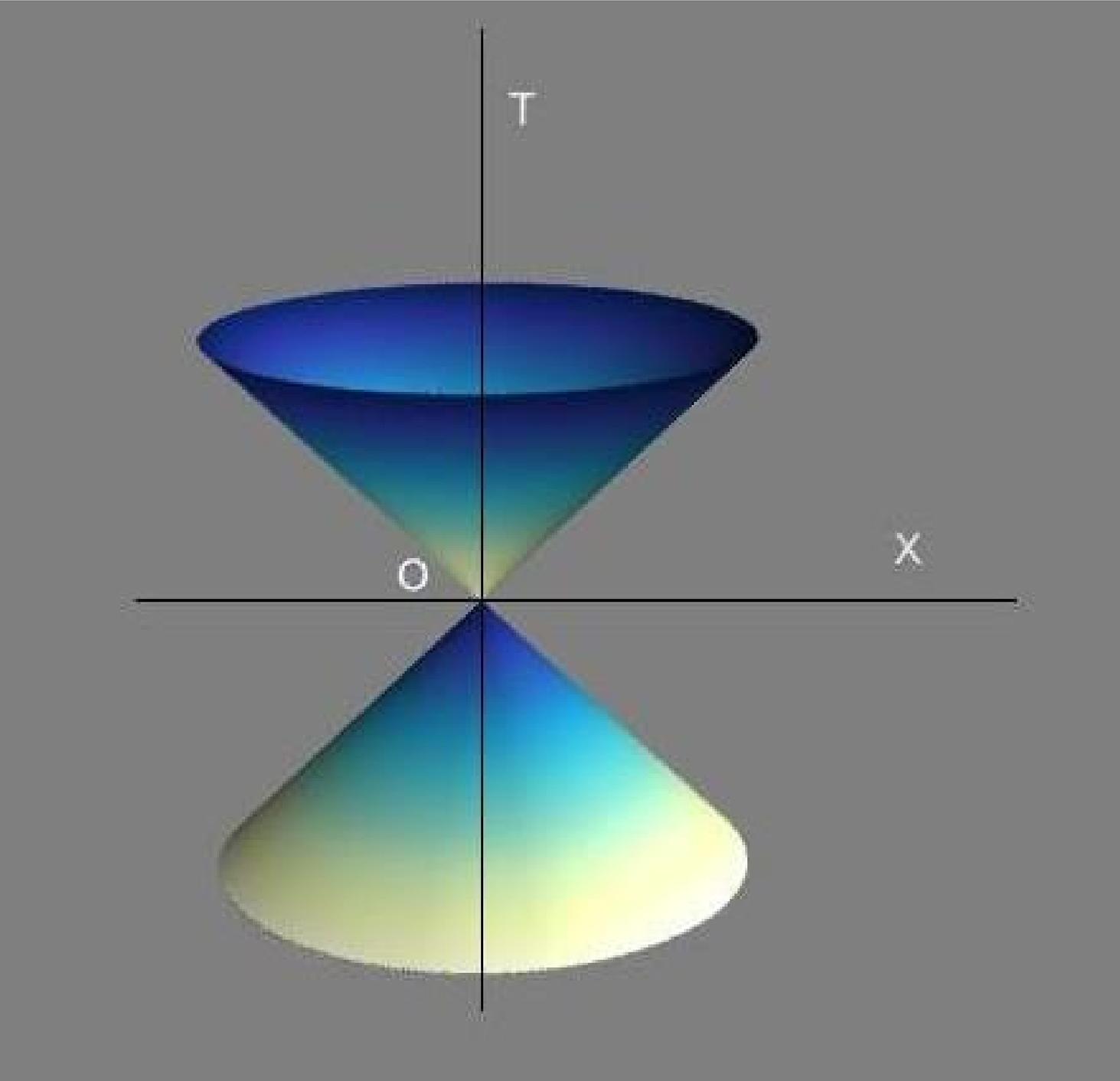


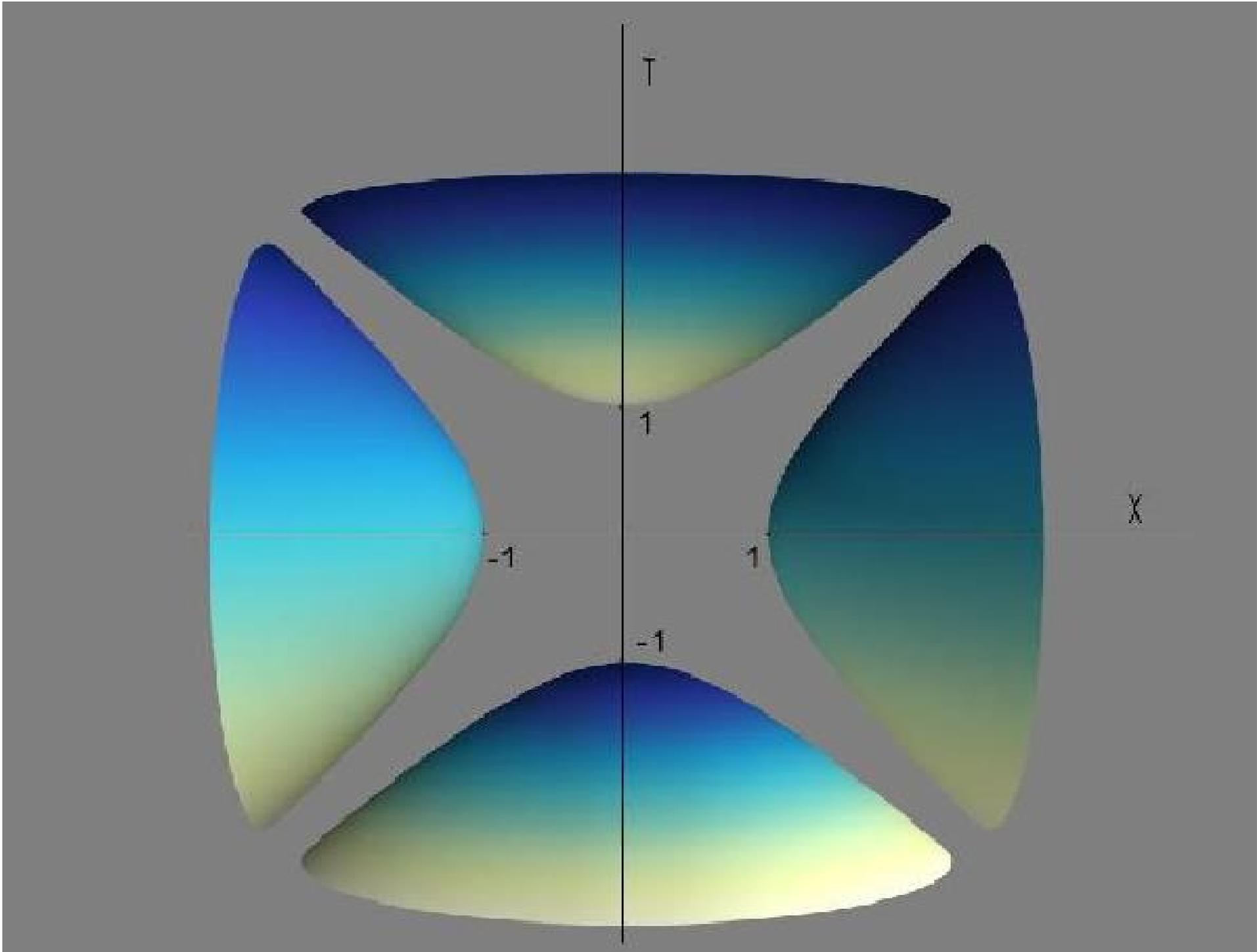
THE QUANTUM LIGHT CONE



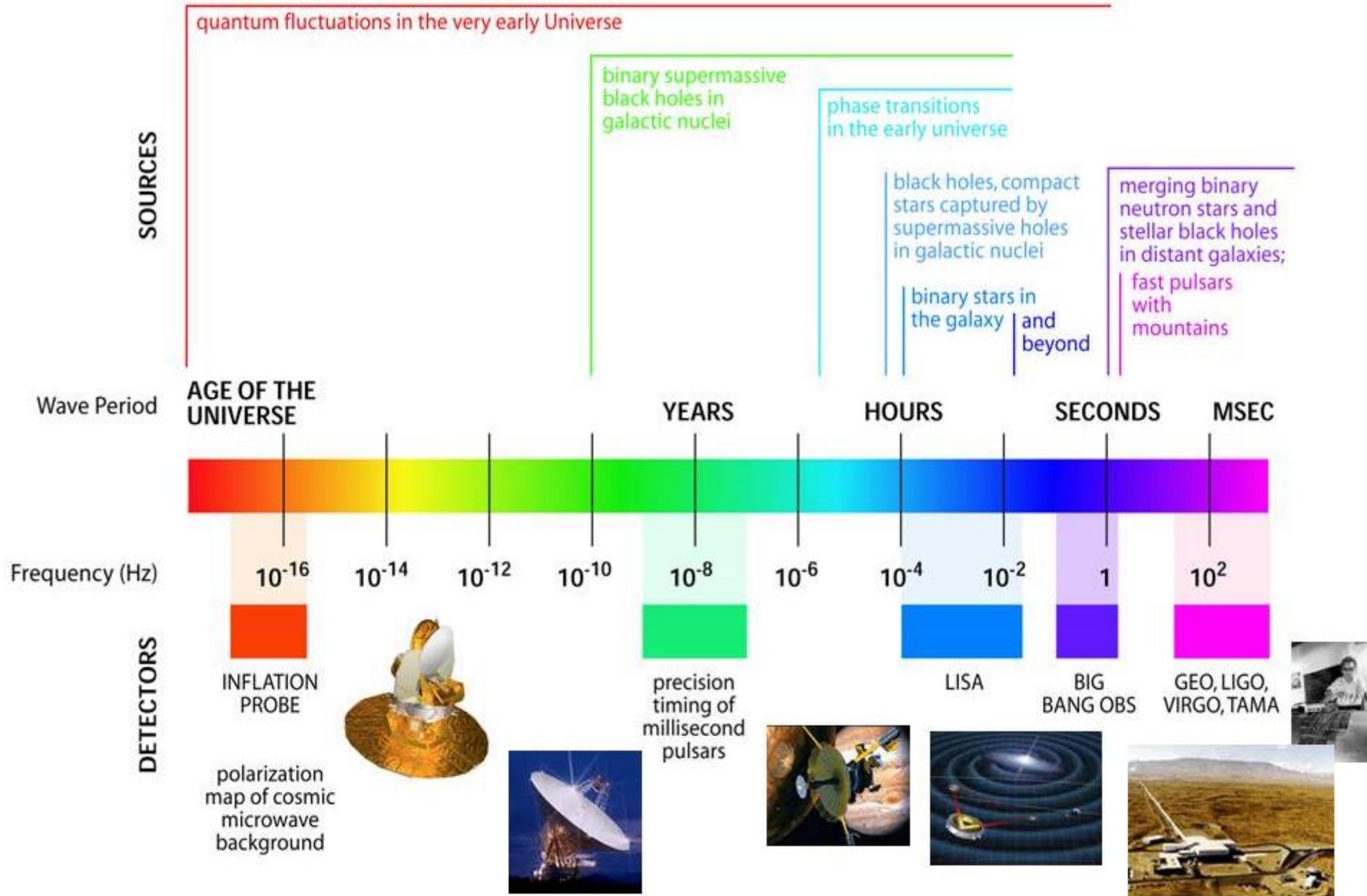
QUANTUM SPACE-TIME STRUCTURE



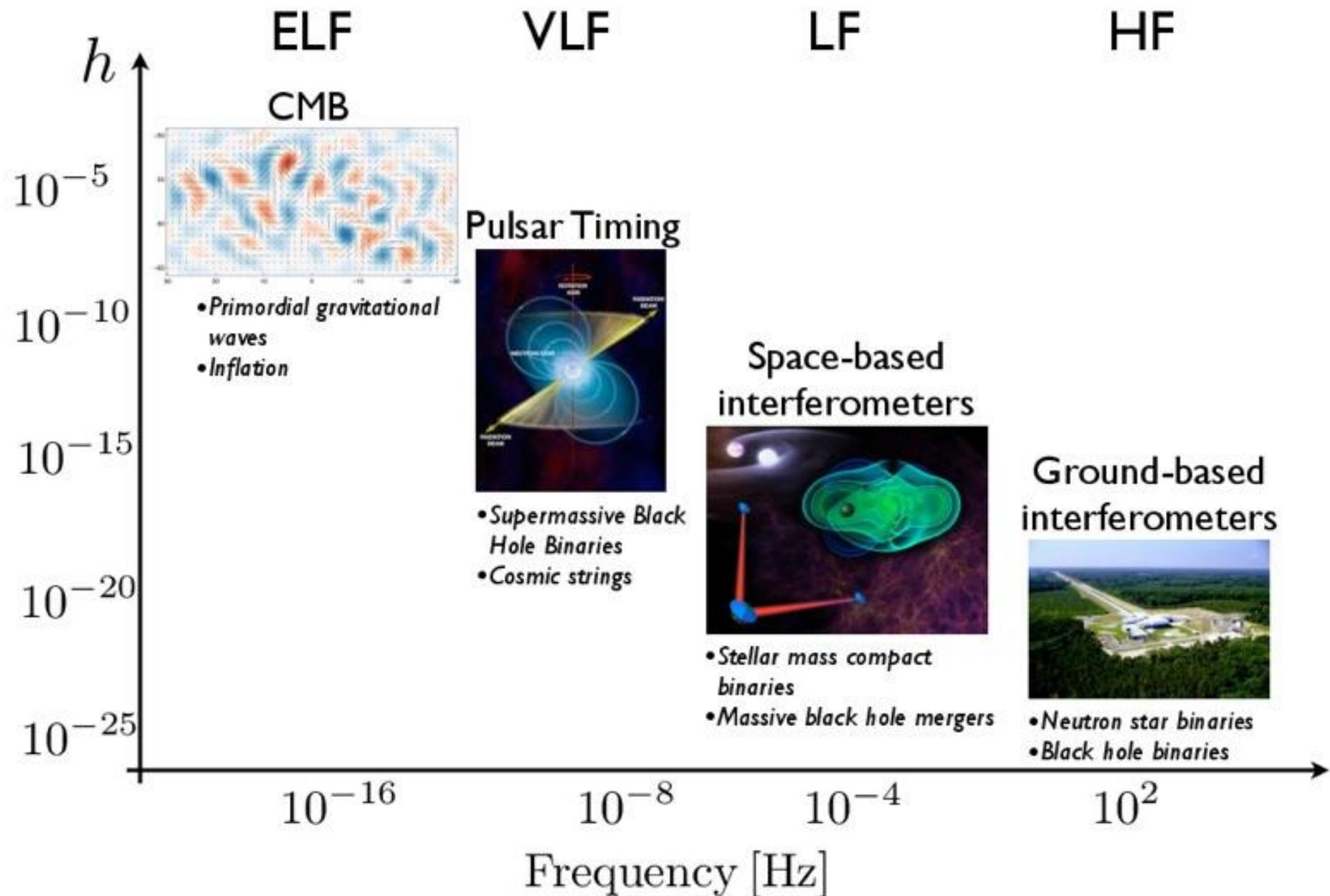




THE GRAVITATIONAL WAVE SPECTRUM



The big picture of gravitational wave astronomy



*“ Science is built up with facts,
“ as a house is with stones.*

*“ But a collection of facts is no more a science
“ than a heap of stones is a house.*

-- Henri Poincaré

*“ La science est construit avec des faits,
“ ainsi comme une maison est construite
“ avec des pierres.*

*“ Mais une collection de faits n'est pas une
science, ainsi comme un tas de pierres n'est
pas une maison.*

BLACK HOLE EVAPORATION DOES THE INVERSE EVOLUTION :

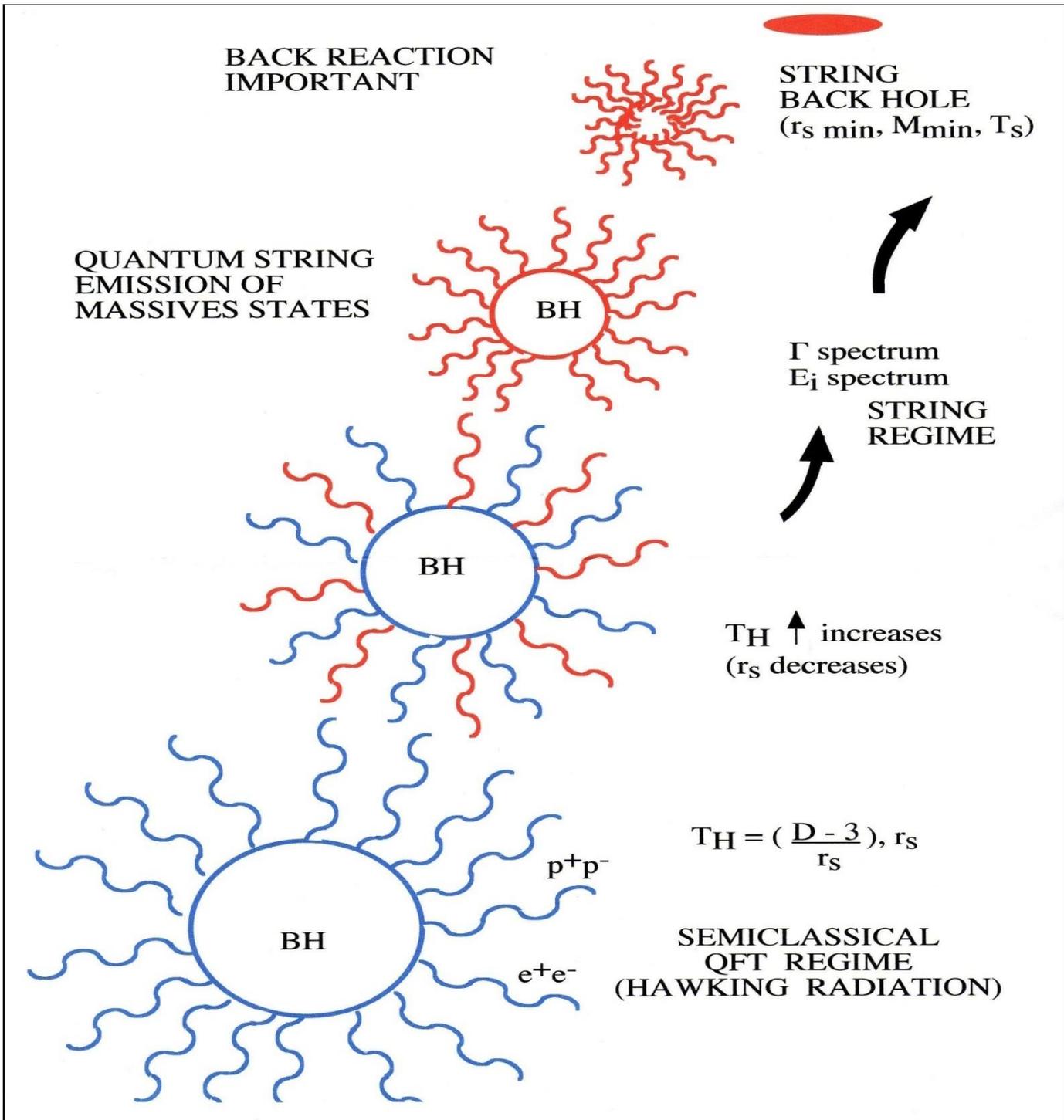
**BLACK HOLE EVAPORATION GOES FROM
CLASSICAL/SEMICLASSICAL STAGE TO A QUANTUM
(QUANTUM GRAVITY) STATE,**

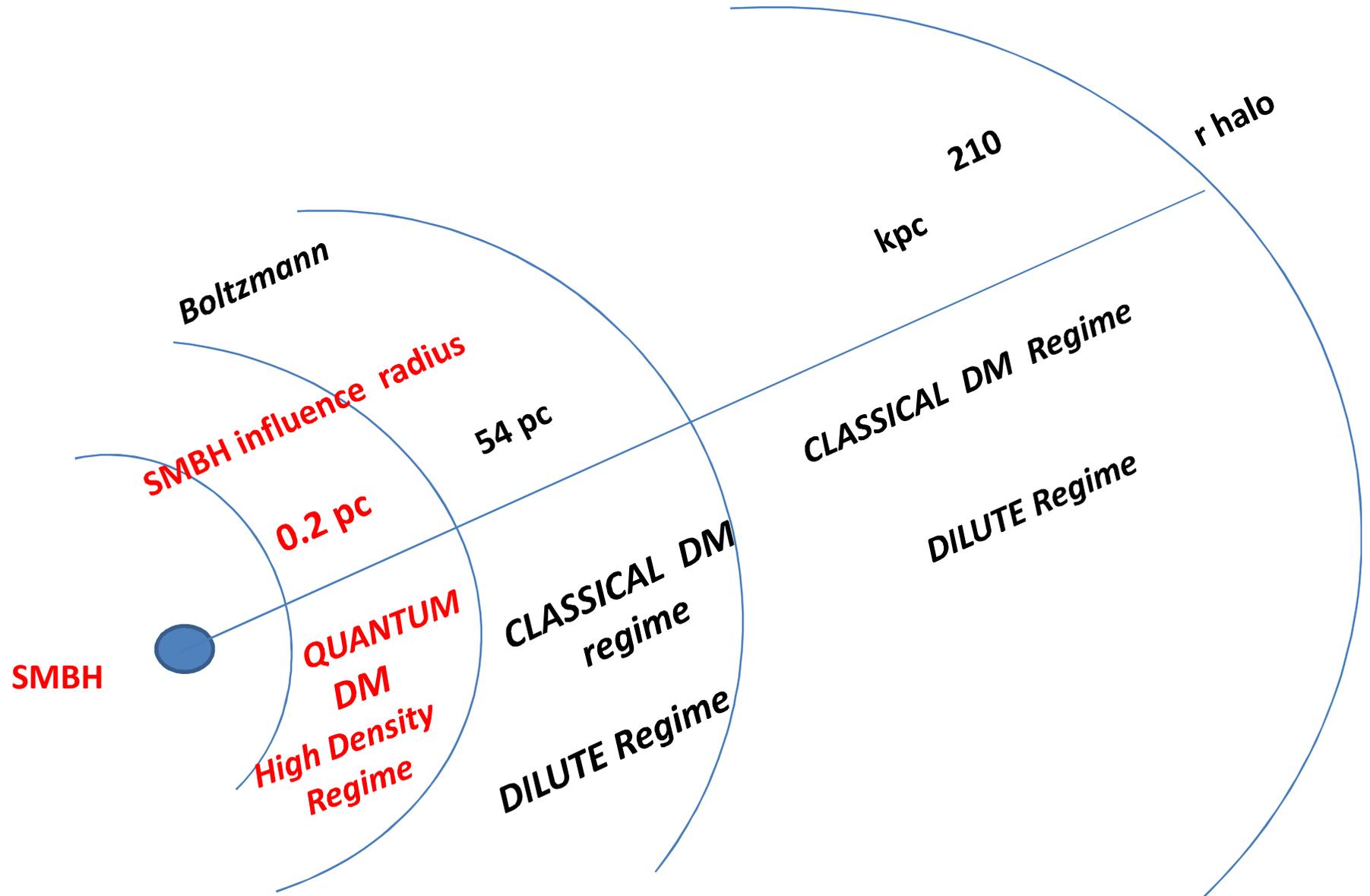
**Through this evolution, the Black Hole temperature goes
from the semiclassical gravity temperature (Hawking
Temperature) to the usual temperature (the mass) and the
quantum gravity temperature (the Planck temperature).**

**Conceptual unification of quantum black holes,
elementary particles and quantum states**

CONCEPTUAL UNIFICATION

- **Cosmological evolution** goes from a quantum gravity phase to a semi-classical phase (inflation) and then to the classical (present cosmological) phase.
- **Black Hole Evaporation** (BH hole decay rate), heavy particles and extended quantum decay rates; black hole evaporation ends as quantum extended decay into pure (non mixed) non thermal radiation.
- The Hawking temperature, elementary particle and Hagedorn (string) temperatures **are the same concept in different gravity regimes (classical, semiclassical, quantum)** and turn out to be the precise classical-quantum duals of each other.





WDM Thomas-Fermi Galaxy Theory with SMBH

de Vega & Sanchez, 2017

TOTAL UNIVERSE : $(10^{-61} \text{ tp} + 10^{61} \text{ tp} + \text{tp})$

QUANTUM PHASE : $10^{-61} \text{ tp} \rightarrow \text{tp}$

CLASSICAL PHASE : $\text{tp} \rightarrow 10^{61} \text{ tp}$

QUANTUM Today : 10^{-61} tp
Extreme Past

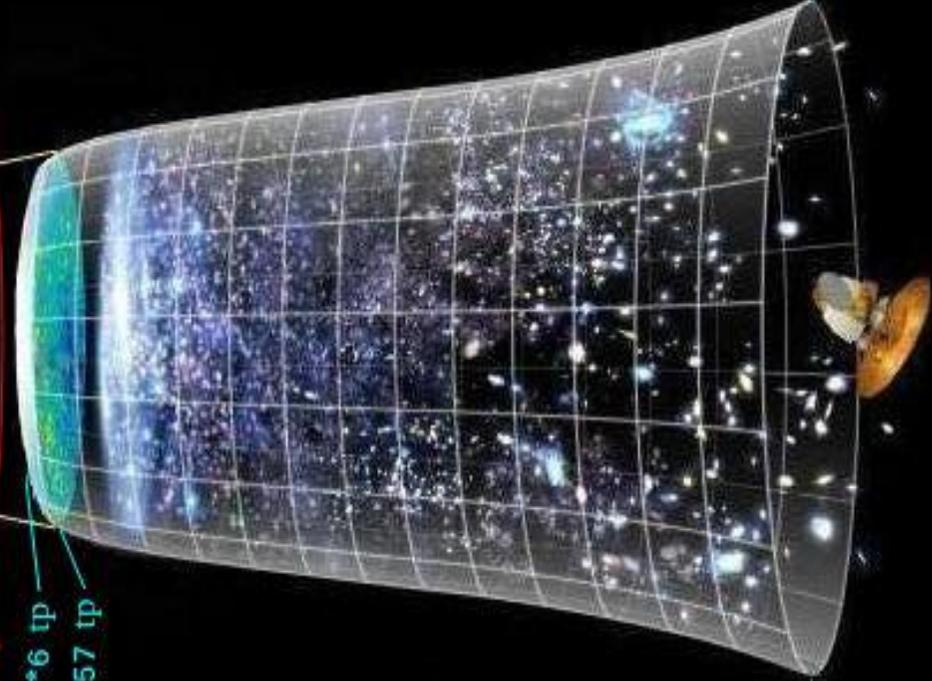
QUANTUM ERAS

Quantum CMB : 10^{-57} tp
Quantum Inflation : 10^{-6} tp
Planck Scale : tp
Classical Inflation : 10^6 tp
Classical CMB : 10^{57} tp

CLASSICAL ERAS

Today : 10^{61} tp

THE TOTAL HISTORY OF THE UNIVERSE



Richard P. Feynman foresaw the necessity to include quantum physics in simulations in 1981

Í Å nature isn't classical, dammit, and if you want to make a simulation of nature, you'd better make it quantum mechanical, and by golly it's a wonderful problem, because it doesn't look so easy.Í

Feynman again:

Í It doesn't matter how beautiful your theory is, it doesn't matter how smart you are. If it doesn't agree with experiment, it's wrong.

**THANK YOU VERY MUCH
FOR YOUR ATTENTION!!**